Beaver & Gephart


# Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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## Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


### Republican State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
MATTHEW S. QUAY, OF BEAVER COUNTY.

### Republican County Ticket.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
DANIEL HESS, OF LINDEN HALL.
CORONER,
DR. S. F. LYTLE, OF PHILIPSBURG.

### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

GOV. HILL, in his letter of acceptance, endorses Cleveland rather more warmly than Cleveland endorses Hill.

AT present the citizens of Montreal can assert without fear of contradiction that there is nothing small about them—except the smallpox.

JUDGE FORAKER reckons up five causes which contributed to his election, but omits a sixth, which is the most important of all, viz., that a majority of the people voted for him.

JAY GOULD took a drink of whiskey twenty-five years ago and has never touched the stuff since. When Mr. Gould dies he will have for his monument a water spout worked in brass.

IT seems that in the recent battle in the Soudan Osman Digna was killed again. To a man with as many lives as he is gifted with, however, one death more or less can make very little difference.

IF as Lord Rosebery declares, there is some kind of an "unnatural alliance" between the Parnellites and the Conservatives, the fact simply shows that Parnell has begun already to carry out his avowed intention to hold the balance of power in Parliament.

WHILE law is law it should be obeyed, and if it is bad law there is no surer way to defeat it. The Laborers' Union at Marionett, Wis., is clearly right in opposing the efforts of manufacturers there to evade a ten-hour law recently enacted by the Legislature; but it should enforce the law in the courts, not by mob violence. It would be more creditable and less costly.

IT IS too plain for contradiction even by the Democratic organs that Cincinnati has again been the victim of the most brazen Democratic frauds. The people are intensely stirred up over the outrages committed on the purity of the ballot-box on Tuesday of last week and there is likely to be such a visitation upon the authors and agents of these gross frauds as will call for a very large intervention of Presidential "clemency." There is evidently no disposition to submit to the outrages by which the Democracy sought to retain their hold on Ohio.

REV. WM. TAYLOR is a Methodist minister widely known throughout the United States. He went as a missionary to California in '49, and became a noted street preacher in the cities of that State. He also went as a missionary to India and South America, where he did some very efficient work. His plan always was to make his missions self-supporting. A year or so ago he conceived the idea of taking a band of missionaries and going into the heart of Africa for the purpose of christianizing and civilizing the people of the "dark continent." He laid his scheme before the General Conference of his church. It was generally approved, and he was elected a bishop and called the "African bishop." He gathered a band of about fifty people of both sexes and all ages from different parts of the country and started for the west coast of Africa, with barely enough means to carry him and his co-workers there. Some of the men were mechanics, supplied with tools for the purpose of teaching the people the mechanic arts. Word has come to the State Department here, through the United States Consul at Lisbon, that Taylor and his band landed in the Benguela country in an utterly destitute condition, and at once became a charge upon that government, which provided them with food and shelter and granted them a tract of land on which to make a permanent settlement. Those who know Bishop Taylor best think that he will eventually come out all right, and accomplish what he set out to do.

### What Shall be Our Answer?

Under the above title, the Philadelphia *Press* publishes the following timely editorial remarks: Ohio has fired the signal gun for Republicanism throughout the country. The brilliant victory which has kindled patriotic hearts everywhere is the unmistakable response of the people to what Mr. Blaine aptly styled an appeal to the manhood of the North. It shows that the unquenched and unquailing Republican spirit will answer the call which summons it to defend the safeguards of freedom and the principles of justice. With the echoes of that triumph ringing over the land no man can doubt the unfaltering fidelity and resolution of Republicanism when the right appeal is made.

The meaning and force of the victory cannot be mistaken. Judge Foraker who led the battle has put them in clear and concise form. Causes which belonged with the State played their part and they are not to be underestimated. But beyond and above them were the deeper and broader reasons which go to the very heart of Republicanism and which are bounded by no local lines. There was the impulse to foil an accidental Democratic success and answer a chance Democratic Administration with the evidence that the Republican party is unbroken and undismayed. There was the commanding determination to speak in unequivocal terms for a free ballot and honest count and political equity throughout the North and throughout the South. And there was the purpose to uphold the policy of protection to American industry and labor and to give warning against any Democratic tampering with the tariff. These broad national reasons were the real inspiration of the victory, and their potency will be felt wherever the same trumpet call is sounded.

Underlying them all and entering into them all is this fundamental appeal to the manhood of the North. It comes from Blaine and Sherman, from Logan and Foraker, from Hoar and Hawley—from every earnest Republican leader and from the heart of the Republican masses. The half-hearted may falter; the cynical may sneer; the recreant many be ready to surrender and abandon the just rights of the North and the first principles of free institutions; but the great Republican party stands firmly on its demand for a free ballot and an honest count. We do not revive the passions or the differences of the war. We do not seek any proscription of those who fought on the other side. We welcome them to a full share in the public councils, though we are frank to say we do not like to see them in full control of the government. But we repeat to the South in all kindness and all plainness: "While we are ready to drop the past, we are not ready to overlook the present. Come with us, but come on equal terms. Take the same rights we have, but take no more. You have no right to appropriate the equal suffrage we gave you, and the magnify your power by stifling the vote of the colored man. You have no right to convert by fraud and force the equality of the law into the monstrous inequality of the fact which makes every one vote you cast in South Carolina or Mississippi count as much in national power as every two votes we cast in Ohio or Pennsylvania. We ask to right this wrong. If you fail, we appeal to the manhood of the North to render your usurped power impotent by standing together against its success. This is not waving the bloody shirt; it is a demand for simple justice, and the men of the North would be less than men if they faltered in pressing it."

Nor is this demand a mere matter of sentiment, or a matter to which upon practical grounds we can afford to be indifferent. The crime against free elections is a menace to the most vital interests of the country. It means danger to our business prosperity and our industrial development. It means not only the legitimate vote of the South on the wrong side of every material question, but thirty-eight additional votes to which it has no just claim upon any fair basis of representation. We dread a tampering with the tariff, and the fraudulent votes of the South are its real peril. We stand in fear of silver inflation and financial disturbance, and the stolen votes of the South make the margin that creates the danger. But for the wrongful power usurped through this crime against the ballot-box, no threat of evil from these sources would hang over our heads to-day. The question is thus an appeal not merely to the manhood of the North, but to the most vital business welfare of the country, and even if the sense of justice were dead the eye of the shop and the counting house could not afford to sleep.

Ohio's voice answers that Ohio understands the gravity of this great question and responds to this commanding appeal. What shall be our answer? The same question addresses itself to New York and Pennsylvania and every State which speaks through the ballot-box next month. It overshadows all other matters and urges Republicans to stand together in an expression which shall be clearly comprehended from one end of the land to the other. In the language of Judge Foraker it calls upon them to assert themselves as Republicans,—to speak out for a free ballot and an honest count—to stand unequivocally for protection—to sound the warning against Democratic tampering with the tariff. Again, what shall be our answer?

### Firmness or Obstinacy—Which?

The New York *Herald* has given several editorials of late in regard to the mental calibre of President Cleveland, claiming that his recent actions are characterized by obstinacy rather than by firmness. It makes a wide distinction, and very justly, between these two terms. Firmness is the attribute of greatness,—obstinacy is the characteristic of a narrow and selfish mind.

In the time of General Jackson a copper coin was made with a donkey on one side, having a backward lean of about 45 degrees, and thus resisting all attempts of being led or pulled forward, while under the figure were placed the words, *Ronan Firmness*. This was an amusing satire on the stubbornness of Old Hickory.

But the *Herald* does not give Mr. Cleveland the credit of possessing even the Jacksonian firmness. It says simply that he is obstinate, and that his narrow stubbornness will yet work ruin to the Democratic party. The *Herald* intimates that President Cleveland wishes to show that he will have a way of his own, whether the peculiar way shall evince any wisdom of statesmanship, or not.

Now, whether the *Herald* is right or wrong in its estimate of Mr. Cleveland's character, may be a question, but one thing is certain, which is this: The editors of the New York *Herald* knew just as much about Mr. Cleveland before his election to the Presidential office as they do now, and they used every means within their power to secure his election. Now they are perpetually casting ridicule upon him, and saying that he is obstinate to the discredit of his own personal and official character, and to the extent of injuring his own party and his administration.

If Mr. Cleveland has the infirmity of a selfish, obstinate will—the disposition to carry out his own views independent of the advice of friends, or influenced by public opinion, he assuredly must have manifested the same peculiarity while Governor of the State of New York, and this, too, must have been known to the editors of the New York *Herald*, the New York *Times* and the New York *Evening Post*, when they were advocating his election just as fully as they know this just now.

Who, then, for this condition of affairs is most to blame,—the weak, vacillating New York *Herald*, or the stubborn Mr. Cleveland, who is the *Herald's* President?—the very man whom the *Herald* put forth as a statesmen and a political reformer, and whose administration was to revive commerce and trade and bring a new era of prosperity to the United States.

If any paper has good reason to complain because Mr. Cleveland is President it certainly is not the New York *Herald*. Let it abide its own work, and "render unto Ceasar the things that are Ceasar's," and without crying because its fingers are pinched by its own door.

H. T.

LIEUTENANT MULLEN, whom Cleveland pardoned out of the the penitentiary whither he had been sent as a penalty for election frauds last November, has shown his gratitude for that clemency by suspending a policeman for serving a warrant upon an election officer for frauds last Tuesday. Mullen is too valuable a man to be kept in prison when the Democracy need his services and the Administration is pledged to aid that party to success if success is possible by any means.

### EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

**The Great Explosion—Death of Cardinal McCloskey—Increase of Business—Epidemics—An Up-Hill Work, Etc.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 19, 1885.

THE EXPLOSION.

If Faith alone cannot remove mountains, yet, with faith as the basis of scientific and mechanical appliances mountains are removed and the foundations of the deep are broken up. While hundreds doubted the final success, General Newton kept right on through his nine years of arduous labor sustained by his faith in human skill to overcome the most stubborn resistance of nature, and his final triumph justified such faith, and all the expenditure of labor, time and money.

The great Flood Rock, the impassable gate, which through untold centuries had barred the entrance of Long Island Sound, was shattered to fragments in a moment. Never before had such a single charge of explosives been used for any purpose, the amount being over three hundred thousand pounds of rackarock and dynamite. The obstructing rock constituting this barrier to navigation covered an area of over nine acres, and more than four miles of tunneling was made in galleries, the floors of which lay from 50 to 64 feet below mean low tide, having walls from 10 to 24 feet thick between them, and these were supported by columns of rock to the number of 467, each fifteen feet square, and all fully charged with explosives.

It seemed that all New York had gathered on the shores of the East River and in the hundreds of boats afloat at a safe distance, to witness the sublime spectacle, this new evidence of the triumph of mind over matter.

The little daughter of Gen. Newton, only nine years old, from the Astoria bank of the river was to send the spark that should set loose the three hundred thousand chained demons so long buried under the waves of Hell Gate. At her father's nod she placed her tiny finger upon the button, and in a moment a sudden jar was felt, and a rumble, a dull boom like the smothered bursting of a hundred cannon. This vibration was visibly felt throughout the entire city, and extended miles into the surrounding country.

Though the action of this explosion was but momentary it afforded a magnificent spectacle, such as would impress the memory forever. Acres of water lifted bodily two hundred feet into the air—shining glasiers, in appearance, falling upward, reversing nature's order. This white wall with its glittering domes and pinnacles, held for a moment the astonished gaze of hundreds of thousands of people; then as it fell back with wild hissing sounds into the swirling mass below immense waves of boiling foam leaped up, and as the tunneled caverns beneath were being filled with water, brilliant and mingling lights of yellow, green and blue danced upon the surface of the fearful whirlpool.

The destruction of this great barrier of rocks was complete, and soon as the fragments are removed the channel will be deepenough for the largest ships, and the value of this accomplished work to the commerce of New York cannot be estimated.

CARDINAL MCCLOSKEY.

Rev. John McCloskey, as Priest, Bishop, Cardinal, was for many years a great factor in the civil and religious life and character of New York. He was prominent in all movements that tended to the good and elevation of the masses. Though strictly sectarian in all measures and duties pertaining to his own church, he still possessed a broad, liberal and humanitarian spirit of brotherhood towards all sects and all people in their strivings for the good of man.

The death of Cardinal McCloskey, therefore, is a loss to the city that will be long felt by all classes and sects, and deeply mourned. The attendance at the funeral of the dead Prelate on Thursday, when he was laid to rest in the Crypt of the Great Cathedral evinced the sincere feeling of respect and love entertained for him by Catholics and Protestants alike of this whole community. Many of our prominent Protestant clergymen were present as well as a large number of eminent citizens of all demominations.

The religious ceremonial attending the obsequies was solemnly grand and impressive beyond anything ever before witnessed in this country. The Catafalque, seven feet high, stood in the centre aisle; the mahogany coffin which cost $1,200, was richly ornamented; the upper portion of the body and face of the dead Cardinal were uncovered, and his features recognizable to those standing at the greatest distance. There were six Bishops present who took part in the services. The chant for the dead was solemnly rendered by 150 voices, seventy-five priests and the same number of the laity. Archbishop Gibbons pronounced an eloquent tribute to the memory of the dead Prelate. The vestments, draperies, lighted candles, chants, services and ceremonies peculiar to this church, held the vast audience in the stillness of devotional solemnity and awe.

While, individually, we do not believe pomp and ceremony to be essential to the purest and best expression of religious sentiment and life, yet we are not disposed to deny the sincerity and honesty in purpose of those who observe the severest ritualistic forms or even most eccentric ceremonies in their religious worship.

INCREASE OF BUSINESS.

The fall trade of New York, both in the wholesale lines, and in all retail departments, shows a large increase, and indicates a general revival of business throughout the country. The failures that occur on Wall street do not affect the commercial interests of this city to any great extent. Stock brokers and speculators are a distinct class, having little relation to legitimate commerce and trade. As an instance, these betters on margins sell more oil in one week than will be brought into New York in one year. This whole stock business is an exciting fiction—a sort of mirage that comes and goes in the fog of speculation.

EPIDEMICS.

New York has been wonderfully free from epidemic, or contagious diseases the present season. We first feared the cholera, then the smallpox, but the general health of the city has remained good; and our country merchants and friends should have no fears in coming to the city on business or for pleasure.

AN UP-HILL WORK.

However, there is a prevailing sickness here, after all. The Democrats are getting sick—at least they are growing thin and weak—they are switching off from Tammany and trying to reach the summit station at Albany on an up-Hill grade which they will find altogether too steep for their Anti-Civil-Service-Reform engine and Bourbon steam boiler.

HIRAM TORREY.

### The South Penn's Answer.

The separate answer of the South Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the bill in equity, filed at the instance of the Attorney General against the Pennsylvania railroad, the Northern Central, the South Pennsylvania and William K. Vanderbilt and others, to prevent the absorption of the latter named company by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was filed at Harrisburg, Saturday evening, and has been given to the public. It admits very little aside from the most palpable facts in the case, denies many things which most people regard as undeniable, and demands proof of the material facts alleged in the bill.

The only admission made as regards the allegations contained in the first paragraph of the bill is that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is a corporation. As to the other allegations "the defendant has no knowledge or means of information sufficient to enable it to form a belief, and, in so far as the same may be material, it prays the plaintiff may be put upon proof thereof." The same answer is made as respects the Northern Central Company. The defendant company, after admitting its own corporate existence, and the powers conferred upon it, avers that the proposed line, when constructed, will connect at Port Perry with the McKeesport & Youghiogheny Company, with the Pittsburg & Connellsville, and at Harrisburg with the Philadelphia & Reading, and also with the lines controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, so that through means of these connections freight and passengers may be continuously transported to and from New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg and to and from Pittsburg and the points and places westwardly and northwardly thereof, "provided, however, that the necessary contracts or agreements to that effect shall be made and carried out by either or by all the companies named."

The position assumed is that the South Pennsylvania, except as above stated, does not in connection with either of the other roads, or otherwise, form a continuous or through line. It is admitted that the main line, between Harrisburg and Port Perry, has been in large part constructed, and that in some instances rights of way were obtained upon the special agreement that the road would be built in good faith, but it is denied that the road will constitute a parallel or competing line with the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. There is also a denial that Vanderbilt and the other persons named in the bill are stockholders of the South Pennsylvania Railroad Company, but an admission that they have a contract which gives them an option to purchase certain stock of the defendant company. In a word, then, judged by this answer, the South Pennsylvania Company has very little information touching the material allegations set forth in the original complaint, and prays that the plaintiff may be put upon proof. A jury may be able to see some points much more clearly than those who answer for the company, and the "proof" will doubtless be forthcoming if the proceeding has any real bottom to it.

### GENERAL NOTES.

The white chrysanthemum is now the floral star.

Flood Rock continues to sink four feet a day.

Cuba tobacco is now cultivated in Southern Florida.

Red dogwood berries are the gems of the park just now.

The copyright on Heine's works expires next January.

In finishing Cologne Cathedral $5,000,000 have been spent.

A second crop of strawberries is being picked in Massachusetts.

An astonishing sign at a tobacconist's in Paris: "*No* Smoking!"

It is now known that 24,000 Christians were massacred in Annam.

A $50 bridal hand-bouquet in New York was of delicately-tinted lilacs.

The latest estimate puts the number of Chinese in this country at 75,000.

The city of Boston supports 800 insane persons, not 75 of whom will recover.

It was fifty years ago Sunday that the first missionary landed on Fiji Islands.

"To jarrett" meaning "to abduct," has made its appearance in English journals.

Girard College, Philadelphia, has room for 1,110 boys, and there are 1,130 in it.

A corset factory has been started at Scranton. All the employes are women.

The State of California is spending $40,000 for a traveler's inn in the Yosemite.

Corn sells for 28 cents a bushel in Fleming and adjoining counties in Kentucky.

The expenses of the State Fair at Philadelphia exceeded the receipts by nearly $5,000.

The last spike in the Canadian Pacific Railway will be driven in about a fortnight.

Te Deums are to be sung in Madrid this week in token of the end of the plague.

The Huguenot Society of America is to give a dinner in New York on the 22d inst.

Several of the young women of the Harvard Annex ride to their recitations on tricycles.

A California farming company shipped 56,500 pounds of mustard seed in one lot to New York recently.

Custom and his kingly office oblige the Prince of Wales to wear some seventy odd suits of clothes.

A cat's cries saved the lives of some hotel guests in Atlanta, and a gold band now encircles the cat's neck.

The gentian in Colorado is called the "burros' lily," because the burros munch around it without touching a leaf.

The town of Bernstadt, Ky., is populated entirely by Swiss, to the number of 700. They are prosperous and happy.

Every member of a Baptist church in Florida whose name was found on a petition for liquor license has been expelled.

Brain workers are generally great eaters. Dr. Talmage takes three "square" meals a day, and Edward Everett Hale five.

Jean Ingelow in one of her charming stories tells us that the owl's call is but two notes of music tied together with a moan.

A Philadelphia Chinaman says his people do not attend Sunday-school to learn Christianity, but to acquire the English language.

The city council of Augusta, Ga., has been petitioned "to abate a nuisance in the increase of business establishments by the Chinese."

Feminine hand-writing is no longer of the spider leg sort, but quite clerkly. "This," says a Parisian, "will take the romance out of love letters."

The Salvation Army people at Chicago have established in the courts their right to parade the streets. They were advised to go slow, however.

Tobacco grows wild in the mountainous regions of Mexico. The leaves are gathered by the Indians, dried in the sun and used for making cigarettes.

Mons. Davis, of Montreal, says the English would be living in filth had not the French civilized them, and that smallpox was imported from London.

"I do not think that hard work ever killed any one," says Joseph Chamberlain, the hard-working British M. P., "and I doubt if it has ever injured many."

Excepting Key West, the hottest place in the United States is the lower Rio Grande valley, of which Fort Ringgold is the centre, which has a mean annual temperature of 73.4.

A Rochester woman has been awarded $2,000, the assessed value of her husband's affections, which had been alienated from her by another woman, defendant in the case.

Ballet dancers of the Grand Opera at Paris refused to wear foreign made shoes. There was so much excitement over the attempt to introduce them that the manager was compelled to give way.

As the bronze statue of the youthful Bacchus, found in the Tiber, is being cleaned, further beauties are developed. A silver-adorned diadem is on the head and the eyes are of silver, not enameled.

A Parisan dentist, assisted by some twenty gentlemen, recently cured an elephant of the toothach, or, more properly, tusk-ache. An ulcer was cut out and a cavity was filled, to the final joy of the pain-struck pachyderm.

Charles Downs, a three-year man in the Columbus, O., penitentiary, from Montgomery county, received in March last, on Tuesday deliberately placed his left hand on a block and chopped three fingers off. He was employed in the bolt shop and took this means to secure a rest.

## Poetry.

### A VERITABLE VACUUM.

He was a dude,
His attitude
Was striking as he sat
On the veranda balustrade,
The while a cigarette he made
He wore a derby hat.

With such a brim
It covered him.
His coat was made so tight
His arms could never touch his side;
His elbows thus extended wide,
Were really quite a sight.

His trousers, too,
Exposed to view
A limb so very slight,
You scarce could tell it from the cane,
The silver head of which, he fain
Would swallow if he might.

He uttered slow,
"Aw, don't you know,
This really's quite a bore,"
Then rolled his cigarette again
And looked as if he tried in vain,
To think of something more.

But no! you see
Vacuity.
On every feature plain;
Beyond his cigarette and clothes,
He absolutely nothing knows—
Except to suck his cane.

### AT FORTY-EIGHT.

At twilight, vis-a-vis with fate,
She sat, unhappy and alone;
Her milestones numbered forty-eight,
No other pathway crossed her own.

No tender voice robbed age of gloom,
No smiling faces cheered her sight—
There only glided through the room
The phantom of a dead delight.

"How dim and drear the pathway seems,"
She said, "to me at forty-eight;
Long since I wakened from my dreams—
I seek for naught; for nothing wait.

"I am like one who blindly groupes
Toward fading sunsets in the West;
Behind me lies youth's shattered hopes,
What can I ask for now but rest?

"Some joys I sought with heart on fire
Would find me now, but all too late—
I watched ambition's funeral pyre
Burn down ere I was forty-eight.

"With naught to hope, expect or win,
This lonely lot remains to me;
To count the wrecks of what 'has been'
And know that nothing more can be,"

Too sad to weep, to tired to pray,
Alone she sat at forty eight,
While sunset colors paled to gray—
How desolate, how desolate!

### AT THE GATE.

*She (frigidly.)*

Allow you to kiss me good night ere you go?
I could not permit such a freedom, oh, no.

*He (respectfully).*

Excuse me. Of course you know best what is right.
But I meant no offence, I assure you. Good night!

*She (disappointedly).*

The fool. He must certainly have a thick head,
To think for a moment I meant what I said.

## Our Story Teller.

# HER REVENGE.

CHAPTER I.

It will simplify matters if I say at once that I am a strange girl. After this confession, you will be more inclined to believe that my story is a true one, and, it may be, condemn my conduct less. If your godfathers think fit to give you a strange name, they can scarcely expect you to be exactly the same as other people; and the name some one chose to christen me by is a strange one. "Heritage" is certainly not in common use, although, when one gets accustomed to it, it sounds soft and rather pretty, especially so when coupled with my surname. "Heritage Rivers" is not at all bad.

I am quite sure that in most instances people's natures accommodate themselves to their names. Nearly all the Lucys I have known have been fair and romantic; nearly all the Janes and Susans homely and fond of housekeeping. A girl's career seems often to be settled by her name. So, having no precedent to show me what the owner of the name of Heritage should be like, I always plead it as an excuse for any peculiarities of disposition. Nevertheless, I am not called upon to dissect my mental qualities for the benefit of the inquisitive, so shall only say that one of my chief characteristics is that of being a good hater. I like and respect a good hater. No doubt, it is unchristianlike; but it is *so* natural. I am not ashamed to say that if people injure me, I don't forget or forgive until I feel I am about even with them. Of course, if any one who had wronged me asked forgiveness, I should forgive freely enough—I don't see how that can be avoided—but I should never be eager to do my enemy a good turn unless I felt quite sure of heaping coals of fire upon his head! Now you know what manner of being I am; and very dreadful the description looks as I write it; so dreadful that I am obliged to comfort myself by thinking of the reverse of the picture—that I can be as true a friend as an enemy.

It is not so many years ago that I, Heritage Rivers, a slim girl of seventeen, left school, and stepped out into the grown-up world to meet what fate awaited me. For the time, my only idea was to enjoy my freedom. It was delightful to think that masters and mistresses were finished and done with forever and a day. So I bade them a glad adieu, and went down into the country to stay with an aunt of mine, and for several weeks reveled in sunshine and liberty. Then, in accordance with a solemn promise, I spent some little time with an old school-friend—one, like myself just emancipated. Her people lived at Twickenham, in a delicious old house with a large garden. I was made heartily welcome. The mother took me to her heart as her daughter's dearest friend. The father, a courtly gray-haired man, with literary tastes and pursuits, was kindness and politeness itself; while Clara Ramsay's brothers were in an hour my devoted slaves and lovers. Surrounded by such pleasant attentions, I began to realize the fact that I was now a grown-up young lady, not altogether unattractive, and so valued myself accordingly.

As the Ramsays were quiet people and kept little company, an announcement made by Mrs. Ramsay that a dinner-party was projected was sufficient to flutter our hearts. For several days before it took place, we discussed again and again the merits of the guests who were to be present. As Clara knew them all except one, her interest was centered on the probable appearance of this gentleman. As even her mamma did not know him, all information respecting him must be exacted from Mr. Ramsay, whose friend he was. Girls being inquisitive creatures, Clara, at breakfast-time, egged on by me, began her inquiries.

"Who is Mr. Vincent Hope, papa?"

"A friend of mine, my dear. A very clever young man, who will one day, I think, be a most distinguished member of society."

So far as it went, this reply was satisfactory; but we wanted a categorical testimonial, not a general one.

"How will he distinguish himself?" asked Clara.

"He is a rising author—little known as yet; but all that must come."

"Oh, dear!" sighed Clara, plaintively; "I know exactly the sort of man. I have seen so many of them here. Of course he wears spectacles?"

"I don't think he does—or if so, I never noticed them," replied Mr. Ramsay.

"You never notice anything you ought to, papa. But he is sure to have a horrid beard—unkempt and uncared for. They all have."

"He has no beard, I fancy," answered Mr. Ramsay, meditatively.

"Is he good-looking and nice?" demanded the audacious Clara.

Mr. Ramsay looked much amused at his daughter's question.

"I find him nice," he said. "But what a chit of a girl like you may find him, is another matter—a very small matter. I should think that most people would call him extremely good-looking."

"Is he dark or fair—tall or short?"

"My dear girl, I shall answer no more questions about him. Why don't you imitate the discretion of Miss Rivers, who seems free from your failing—curiosity?"

I blushed at such undeserved praise; while Clara, to show her opinion of my false pretenses, nudged me under the table.

Although Mr. Ramsay would tell us nothing more, we, in our idle moments, which were many, speculated a great deal as to the probable personal appearance of Mr. Vincent Hope. I had a certain right to feel some anxiety about the matter, as I was informed that it would be my lot to be taken in to dinner by him; therefore, it was a great comfort to me to hear he wore neither spectacles nor beard.

"I know he will be delightful!" cried Clara. "I feel sure the whole matter was arranged by fate. Of course he will fall in love with you at once! Who could help doing so? You will look so nice, Heritage!"

This is the way in which foolish young women chatter at times.

It would be my first dinner-party—an ordeal always trying to a young girl. Any way, I dreaded it. In spite of Clara's well-meant compliments, my mind was not easy. I mistrusted the appearance I should present. My new dress, I fancied, fitted me badly, and I was haunted by a presentiment that my hands and the backs of my arms were destined to grow crimson. So distressing were my fears, that, as the hour approached, I would much rather have joined the boys, who, not being admitted to the feast, had gone off for a jolly long row on the river—"to get out of it all," they said.

As I dressed myself, I wondered whether I should quite know what to eat, what to drink; and above all, if any one should deign to speak to me, what to talk about. Perhaps, I thought, all this comes instinctively. If, happily, such is the case, could it be possible, as Clara boldly predicted, that I should carry the little world by storm? I took one last glance at the mirror. After all, I did not look so very much amiss. Then, a few minutes before the hour struck, I entered the drawing-room, feeling almost sanguine.

The guests arrived—two by two. "Like animals going into the ark," whispered Clara, who, having seen a little more society than I had, seemed quite at her ease. Mr. Vincent Hope, as became a distinguished man, was late. At least, it was not until a few moments before dinner was announced that Mr. Ramsay brought a gentleman to me and presented him.

We bent to each other; then, taking his arm, I joined the procession to the dining-room. Of course I dropped my fan, or something, by the way. This necessitated my cavalier's stooping down to recover possession of it, thereby delaying all the couples behind us for a moment or two. I was beginning badly.

We sank into our appointed places, and as the soup was being handed round, Mr. Hope addressed a few ordinary remarks to me. Then I began to realize how shy—how stupid a person I was. The only words my foolish tongue seemed capable of forming were "Yes," and "No." Connected words had left me for an indefinite period. I felt my conversational short-comings so acutely, that it was some little while before I was able to look at my neighbor, except furtively and timidly.

He was tall. I knew, that fact had made itself manifest as we walked arm in arm. I had also received a sort of impression that he was good-looking. At last, when able to really look at him, I found that Mr. Ramsay's account, so far as it went, was a true one.

The young man was undoubtedly handsome. His eyes—the feature a woman first looks at—were good; gray, I decided, with dark lashes. His face was pale, and bore a look of refinement. His forehead was high—not too high—and his chin was large, and gave him the appearance of possessing considerable force of character. Above all, his nose was straight and his hands well shapen. Twenty-eight, I should have guessed his age. Altogether, a very creditable young man.

Fate had been kind in selecting this companion for me, if only I could find something to talk about—something so gifted a creature as he was reported to be would not be bored with. Alas for me, the conversation field seemed to have become suddenly barren of flowers of speech—not even a bud was left! Yet among people with whom I am at home, I had never yet been accused of taciturnity.

For some short time the lady on the other side of him saved me. She appeared to know him, and complimented him on the success of an article in one of the reviews, which she attributed to him. He thanked her for her praise; spoke a few words on general subjects; then, as I suppose, in duty bound, turned to me and recommenced conversation.

In five minutes I positively hated myself and Mr. Vincent Hope. It may be kindness to bring one's intellect down to the level of the listener; I call it conceit. If, in spite of my elaborate new dress, he could not help seeing I was but a school-girl, was there any reason why he should so plainly show me he saw it? Was there any reason why he should quite change the manner of his discourse as he changed his listener—should talk to me in a way he evidently thought suited to my caliber? If he meant it kindly, what right had he to think I should esteem it kindness? I dare say I deserved nothing more; but who was he to judge of my deserts? It ruffled my vanity, and destroyed any self-confidence I was beginning to feel. The worst of it was, he meant no rudeness.

He did not even pretend to patronize me; he simply chose to talk upon subjects which he was pleased to think were well within my limited range. It was mortifying! I twisted up my dinner-napkin under the table, as a sort of vent to my vexation. Soon I grew desperate. I would show this man I was not the inane, empty-headed school-girl he fancied me, or I would perish in the attempt.

My fluency of speech came back as suddenly as it left me. On my own account, I began to talk—of topics about which I knew nothing—of places I had never visited—of people I had never seen—and of books I had never read.

He seemed amused at my new departure, and I flattered myself, tried to lead me on to talk. So talk I did, and thought no evil. It was not until I had once or twice gone completely out of my depth, right over head and shoulders, and was compelled to flounder back as best I could, that I fancied the wretched man was laughing at me—not openly, of course; his manner was politeness itself. Yet I had an unpleasant suspicion that more than once I had made myself an idiot in his eyes.

I positively detest people who have the misfortune to see me at a disadvantage; so, when I rose with the rest of the women and left the table, I felt that it would have been a great satisfaction to have given Mr. Vincent Hope's broad shoulders a Parthian stab with a dessert-fork. I had not been a success; and, what was worse, I knew it!

It was dull work in the drawing-room. The women were strangers to me, and talked about their own and their friends' affairs, in none of which I had the slightest interest. It was very hot too. I peeped out of the window, and saw the garden looking most tempting in the light of a lovely autumnal moon. How delightful it would be if I could have one walk round it!

I doubted whether it would be quite right for a young lady to walk about the garden alone and by moonlight; but the temptation was very great. After all, I have always found it much easier and often pleasanter to yield to little temptations of this kind than to resist them; so I soon gave in. Even at the risk of a cold or a scolding, I would have one, just one turn in the soft September night.

I slipped from the room, covered my head and shoulders with a shawl, and stole through the library window which opened to the ground.

The change from the close atmosphere of Mr. Ramsay's drawing-room was, as I predicted it would be, simply delicious. The clear sky, the full moon, and the bright stars which had tempted me out, made me feel quite poetical. I forgot all my little annoyance in the beauty of the night; I became quite cheerful and happy. The one turn round the garden, which I had pledged myself not to exceed, grew to a great many; yet I was loath to leave the enchanting scene. But duty must not be altogether neglected. With a sigh, I turned for the last time, and began to retrace my steps to the house. To my horror, as I neared it, I saw the French casements of the dining-room open, saw the flood of brilliant light which poured out partially eclipsed as one dark body after another passed through the aperture. I realized in a moment the frightful position in which I was placed. The men were coming out to get a breath of fresh air and to smoke a cigarette before entering the drawing-room. What could I do? I was certain to be seen. By the light of the wonderful moon, everything was as clearly visible as by broad daylight. I shrunk from the poute ridicule with which my nocturnal wanderings were sure to be greeted; in truth I was now rather ashamed of the freak which had led me into such an awkward situation. I wished to extricate myself without having to make excuses and explanations, and as I shuddered at the thought of walking boldly past the knot of gentlemen, I was compelled to adopt the alternative—concealment.

On the lawn near to me grew one of those conical trees—a species of laurel—the foliage of which touches the ground, and leaves the center nearly hollow. This particular tree was so large that it formed a natural summer-house, and to enable it to fulfill its mission, an entrance had been cut through the boughs on the side furthest from the house. It was the very thing—a perfect harbor of refuge!

Careless of insects, heedless of the twigs which caught and tugged at my hair, but groaning, nevertheless, as I thought of my new frock, I rushed inside, unseen and, I hoped, unheard, resolved to wait behind the friendly boughs until the voices which I heard in the distance died into silence.

Feeling quite sure that no one would be likely to explore the leafy recesses of my hiding-place, I began to grow easy in my mind, and even ventured to compliment myself upon the cleverness I had displayed. My triumph was short-lived. In a few moments I became aware that voices were drawing near to me—so alarmingly near, that very soon I was able to recognize them and distinguish what they were saying. It was Mr. Vincent Hope and his host, who had strolled away from their friends.

"You have a fine specimen of the Portuguese laurel here," said the former.

"Yes," replied Mr. Ramsay. "It's a fine tree of that kind. They seldom grow larger. Indeed, this one is beginning to die down. There is an entrance cut on the other side; so it makes a shady, but uncomfortable, warm weather retreat."

Then I knew that the two gentlemen were coming round to the entrance. I was in despair. I cowered down in the darkness, and prayed that Mr. Hope's curiosity might not induce him to pursue his botanical researches into the interior. I saw his head and shoulders fill up the entrance and hide the moonlight falling there. For the moment I was undecided whether to shriek with horror, to endeavor to scare him away by growling like a wild beast, or to lie still and trust to chance. On the whole, the last seemed the wisest course to adopt. I breathed more freely when I found he had no intention of entering—the recesses were not tempting at night. I hoped the two men would now remove themselves. But, alas! my imprisonment was not yet to be ended. They stood exactly in front of the entrance, and from my hiding-place I could hear every word they spoke.

CHAPTER II.

Much as I disliked that young man, I was bound to confess that he looked provokingly handsome as he stood bare-headed in the moonlight, watching the wreaths of smoke from his cigar curling about in the still air. I could now scan him quite at my ease. My courage had returned, and I felt myself insured against discovery. My only dread was that the two men would begin to talk secrets. In such a case, my keen sense of honor must, of course, make me reveal my presence. I made a firm resolution that I would not play at eavesdropping. Alas, for poor humanity! In a minute I was straining my ears to catch every word. Yet how could I help it? Heritage Rivers was the subject of their discourse.

"I hope you found your companion at dinner a pleasant one?" said Mr. Ramsay.

"Oh yes; very pleasant," replied Mr. Hope carelessly. "She's a nice sort of a girl, I dare say."

A nice sort of a girl! The wretched man! I hated him!

"We think a great deal more of her than that," said that dear old Mr. Ramsay.

"Indeed," replied his companion, without evincing the slightest interest in the matter.

"Yes—indeed and indeed," echoed my old friend. "But, joking apart, did you not notice she bids fair to be a most beautiful woman?"

It would have needed little more to have brought me from my lurking-place on purpose to kiss that good old man!

Vincent Hope laughed quietly.

"To tell you the truth," he said, "I don't think I noticed her much. She seemed to me of the ordinary school-girl type. I don't care much for school-girls."

I dug my nails into my hands and ground my teeth. Handsome as the man looked in the moonlight, I could have killed him then and there.

"Yet," said Mr. Ramsay, "I noticed she talked pretty freely to you."

The shrug of Mr. Hope's shoulders almost maddened me.

"Yes; but sad nonsense," he said, "although it was rather amusing at times. Of course, it's not fair to judge her now. She is very raw, and, I should say, rather awkward. If properly looked after, no doubt she will grow up to be a decent sort of a young woman."

Raw and awkward! He spoke of me—*me*, whom many of my school friends called Queen Heritage, from the stately and dignified manner I was supposed to assume at times. A decent sort of a young woman! That I should hear a man, one, moreover, in his own opinion a judge in such matters, gravely set this up as the standard to which I might arrive—if properly looked after. It was too much; the fall was too great. And as the horrible thought flashed across me that his description might be true, his prediction correct, tears of sheer mortification sprung into my eyes. Even Mr. Ramsay's almost testy rejoinder gave me no comfort.

"Oh, nonsense, Hope! She will grow up a beautiful, accomplished, and clever woman. You judge her wrongly. Talk to her again in the drawing-room; there she will be more at home."

"All right, I will," the wretch answered. "But at present I want to talk to you about more important things than young ladies. I have to-day been offered the editorship of the *Piccadilly Magazine*. Shall I take it?"

"I congratulate you. But it is too serious a matter to decide out here. We will talk it over by and by. We must join the ladies now. I see every one else has gone in."

"Then I suppose we must," said Mr. Hope rather ruefully, and tossing his cigar away with a half sigh.

I waited a minute; then I peered out, and at last ventured to creep round the laurel and reconnoiter. The broad back of my candid critic was just disappearing through the dining-room window. I shook my fist viciously at it. I watched Mr. Ramsay follow his guest, saw the window close and the blind fall; then I flew at top speed to the library; whence I had made my exit, entered noiselessly, and threw myself into a chair, feeling that my life was blighted.

The room was faintly lit up; the door was closed; I was alone with my misery; for misery it was—I use the word soberly and advisedly, without a thought of jesting. Fortunately or unfortunately, I had heard myself appraised at my true value. My merits had been weighed by an impartial hand; I had been judged and condemned. I was a failure. "Raw and awkward," "A decent sort of a young woman"—the words ate into my heart. No expressions could have been devised which would have wounded me more deeply.

He would give me another chance in the drawing-room. Would he? I think not, Mr. Vincent Hope. No power on earth shall take me there to-night. I turn the gas up, and look at myself in the mirror. My hair is disheveled, my eyes are red, and I cannot help fancying that my nose looks rather coarse. Yes; it must be true; I am not even good-looking.

Beneficial as it may be for one who is not without vanity to learn the truth, I hate with a deadly hatred the man who has revealed it to me. Solemnly I declare, somehow, that some day I will have my revenge. I am very young, which is an advantage to one who may have to wait a long time for a certain object. Oh, yes; I can wait—even for ten, fifteen, or twenty years, I can wait; but I will have revenge, full revenge. So I raved on and on, growing more tragical every moment, until I broke down, and began to cry again.

I had barely dried my eyes, when Clara entered the room.

"What, Heritage!" she cried; "you here! I have hunted high and low for you, but never thought of looking here. Come into the drawing-room; we must sing our duet."

I pleaded a splitting headache; I could not bear the hot room. I should go to bed at once; and in spite of Clara's entreaties, to bed I went, and had the pleasure of dreaming that I was sticking stilettos and scissors into Mr. Vincent Hope. This was so comforting, that I was sorry when morning came and I found it was but a dream.

"Wasn't he delightful?" was Clara's first question when we met.

"Wasn't who delightful?"

"Mr. Hope, of course. The other men were fogies."

"Now, Clara, look here. Once for all, I tell you I found that young man detestable—simply detestable! I hate him. I never met any one I took such a dislike to."

[To be Continued.]

Up to the hour of going to press the number of cities and towns in the United States that contributed "the youngest soldier of the late war" aggregate only one hundred and fourteen. Somebody must be holding back the returns in order to manipulate the count.

## ROYAL LOVE.

[Concluded.]

X.

When I arrived at my rooms, my colleague hurried to meet me the moment I opened the door.

"I am going to surprise you," he said; "and there is no time to prepare you for it. Our chief, the Minister, has seen the Prince this morning, and has been officially informed of an event of importance in the life of the Princess. She is engaged to be married to the Grand Duke."

Engaged to the Duke—and not a word from her to warn me of it! Engaged—after what she had said to me no longer ago than the past night! Had I been made a plaything to amuse a great lady? Oh, what degradation! I was furious; I snatched up my hat to go to the palace—to force my way to her—to overwhelm her with reproaches. My friend stopped me. He put an official document into my hand.

"There is your leave of absence from the legation," he said; "beginning from to-day. I have informed the Minister, in strict confidence, of the critical position in which you are placed. He agrees with me that the Princess's inexcusable folly is alone to blame. Leave us, Ernest, by the next train. There is some intrigue going on, and I fear you may be involved in it. You know that the rulers of these little German States can exercise despotic authority, when they choose?"

"Yes! yes!"

"Whether the Prince has acted of his own free will—or whether he has been influenced by some person about him—I am not able to tell you. He has issued an order to arrest an old Frenchman, known to be a republican, and suspected of associating with one of the secret societies in this part of Germany. The conspirator has taken to flight; having friends, as we suppose, who warned him in time. But this, Ernest, is not the worst of it. That charming singer, that modest, pretty girl——"

"You don't mean Jeanne?"

"I am sorry to say I do. Advantage has been taken of her relationship to the old man, to include that innocent creature in political suspicions which it is simply absurd to suppose that she has deserved. She is ordered to leave the Prince's dominions immediately.—Are you going to her?"

"Instantly!" I replied.

Could I feel a moment's hesitation, after the infamous manner in which the Princess had sacrificed me to the Grand Duke? Could I think of the poor girl, friendless, helpless—with nobody near her but a stupid woman-servant, unable to speak the language of the country—and fail to devote myself to the protection of Jeanne? Thank God, I reached her lodgings in time to tell her what had happened, and to take it on myself to receive the police.

XI.

In three days more, Jeanne was safe in London; having traveled under my escort. I was fortunate enough to find a home for her, in the house of a lady who had been my mother's oldest and dearest friend.

We were separated, a few days afterward, by the distressing news which reached me of the state of my brother's health. I went at once to his house in the country. His medical attendants had lost all hope of saving him; they told me plainly that his release from a life of suffering was near at hand.

While I was still in attendance at his bedside, I heard from the secretary. He inclosed a letter, directed to me in a strange handwriting. I opened the envelope, and looked for the signature. My friend had been entrapped into sending me an anonymous letter.

Besides addressing me in French (a language never used in my experience at the legation), the writer disguised the identity of the persons mentioned by the use of classical names. In spite of these precautions, I felt no difficulty in arriving at a conclusion. My correspondent's special knowledge of Court secrets, and her malicious way of communicating them, betrayed the Baroness.

I translate the letter; restoring to the persons who figure in it the names under which they are already known. The writer began in these satirically familiar terms:

"When you left the Prince's dominions, my dear sir, you no doubt believed yourself to be a free agent. Quite a mistake! You were a mere puppet; and the strings that moved you were pulled by the Doctor.

"Let me tell you how.

"On a certain night, which you well remember, the Princess was unexpectedly summoned to the presence of her father. His physician's skill had succeeded in relieving the illustrious Prince, prostrate under nervous miseries. He was able to attend to a state affair of importance, revealed to him by the Doctor—who then for the first time acknowledged that he had presented himself at Court in a diplomatic, as well as in a medical capacity.

"This state affair related to a proposal for the hand of the Princess, received from the Grand Duke through the authorized medium of the Doctor. Her Highness, being consulted, refused to consider the proposal. The Prince asked her for her reason. She answered, 'I have no wish to be married.' Naturally irritated by such a ridiculous excuse, her father declared positively that the marriage should take place.

"The impression produced on the Grand Duke's favorite and emissary was of a different kind.

"Certain suspicions of the Princess and yourself, which you had successfully contrived to dissipate, revived in the Doctor's mind when he heard the lady's reason for refusing to marry his royal master. It was now too late to regret that he had suffered himself to be misled by cleverly managed appearances. He could not recall the favorable report which he had addressed to the Duke—or withdraw the proposal of marriage which he had been commanded to make.

"In this emergency, the one safe course open to him was to get rid of You—and, at the same time, so to handle circumstances as to excite against you the pride and anger of the Princess. In the pursuit of this latter object he was assisted by one of the ladies in waiting, sincerely interested in the welfare of her gracious mistress, and therefore ardently desirous of seeing her Highness married to the Duke.

"A wretched old French conspirator was made the convenient pivot on which the intrigue turned.

"An order for the arrest of this foreign republican having been first obtained, the Prince was prevailed on to extend his distrust of the Frenchman to the Frenchman's niece. You know this already; but you don't know why it was done. Having believed from the first that you were really in love with the young lady, the Doctor reckoned confidently on your devoting yourself to the protection of a friendless girl, cruelly exiled at an hour's notice.

"The one chance against us was that tender considerations, associated with her Highness, might induce you to hesitate. The lady in waiting easily moved this obstacle out of the way. She abstained from delivering a letter addressed to you, intrusted to her by the Princess. When the great lady asked why she had not received your reply, she was informed (quite truly) that you and the charming opera singer had taken your departure together. You may imagine what her Highness thought of you, and said of you, when I mention in conclusion that she consented, the same day, to marry the Duke.

"So, Mr. Ernest, these clever people tricked you into serving their interests, blindfold. In relating how it was done, I hope I may have assisted you in forming a correct estimate of the state of your own intelligence. You have made a serious mistake in adopting your present profession. Give up diplomacy—and get a farmer to employ you in keeping his sheep."

XII.

Do I sometimes think regretfully of the Princess?

Permit me to mention a circumstance, and to leave my answer to be inferred. Jeanne is Lady Medhurst.

### Arbor Day in the Schools.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
HARRISBURG, September 28, 1885.

DEAR SIR: The general observance of Arbor Day on April 16, in response to the proclamation of His Excellency, Gov. Pattison, was most gratifying. Many thousand trees were planted whose grateful shade and luscious fruit will add enjoyment to the lives of tens of thousands in years to come. In some parts of the State, however, the ground was still frozen, or otherwise in unfit condition for the planting of trees, while in many localities the schools had already closed. That the schools of the entire State of Pennsylvania may all have opportunity to begin this good work during the current year, we name Thursday, the 29th day of October, as a school Arbor Day, on which shade trees, shrubs, vines, etc., shall be planted by schools upon their school grounds, under the general direction and encouragement of boards of directors, superintendents and teachers; on which also fruit trees, shade trees, etc., shall be planted about their homes by the individual pupils—boys and girls—by the teachers and by all others who may be sufficiently interested in this important work."

The following suggestions from the Arbor Day circular of March 31 are equally in order for this Fall observance of the day:

"Select mainly such trees for planting on school-grounds as grow well in your immediate vicinity—maple, hickory, walnut, sweet-gum, dogwood, buttonwood, ash, bass-word or linden, birch, beech, locust, willows, tuliptree, pines, larches, firs, and others too numerous to mention. For shrubbery and vines: Mock-orange, spireas, the burning bush, deutzia, lilacs, wigelia, hardy roses, honeysuckles, Virginia creepers, wistaria, the tecoma, and others, which will give variety and greatly increase the attractiveness of the school building and its surroundings of grass plat and greenery.

"As to the exercises of Arbor Day, these may be quite informal, if that shall seem best—the essential purpose being the *planting* of Trees, Shrubs, and Vines. But it will be eminently proper, where arrangements can readily be made for a formal programme, to make this also a prominent feature. The reading of a selection from the Bible, a prayer by a clergyman of the neighborhood, readings, recitation and songs by the pupils, an address by the teacher or other citizen of the district interested in the work of the day, will afford variety and serve to render the occasion more interesting and impressive.

"Let each teacher organize his school for work, and, in consultation with the Directors, have the grounds properly prepared, and holes ready for Trees, and Shrubs, and Flowers, and Vines. Solicit the co-operation of the whole neighborhood. Should the day appointed prove inclement and unfit for the work, postpone it until the following Saturday. How the Superintendent may be best able to communicate instructions to all his teachers must be left to his own good judgment. We would suggest the use of the local press as far as possible."

For additional suggestions as to planting and programmes for the day, see issues of the *Pennsylvania School Journal* for March, April, and May, 1885.

It is hoped that the encouragement of tree planting by individual pupils, as well as by schools in their collective capacity with proper school exercises—in a word, How to render most effective the observance of Arbor Day by the schools—may find a place in the programme of every County Institute held in Pennsylvia during the present season. It is suggested also, in this connection, that not less than two hours of the time of the Institute be given to the consideration of this very practical educational topic, in such manner as, in the discretion of the Superintendent, shall seem best. In order that the State Superintendent may have the proper data from which to make definite report of the results of Arbor Day work for the year, he will be pleased to receive by December 1 from each County, City and Borough Superintendent a statement approximating as closely as possible the number of trees, etc., planted within his jurisdiction at any time during the year as a result of the appointment of the day.

Very respectfully,
E. E. HIGBEE,
Supt. Public Instruction.

Freshman Professor (dolding up a written exercise)—"I perceive that this one was copied from outside helps. The man who handed it in will remain." A half dozen remain.

*Medical, Etc.*

# MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama.

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—Fresh paint wonderfully improves the appearance of dwelling houses and the residence of Mr. George Jackson, on Linn street, is aglow with bright colors, which are new in their combination. A beautiful cream tint forms the pervading shade with trimmings of stone color. Be sure to notice this æsthetic bit of painting when you pass that way and if you have any favorable criticisms to make ascribe the merits to Messrs. Geo. Fasic and Jno. Lucas, who were the artists. The frame residence occupied by Mr. Lane and the Goldsmiths is looking very fresh and bright under its coat of pea green with olive green trimmings. These hues contrast beautifully with the varying shades of green, orange and brown which the heavily-foliaged trees in front of the house are now assuming. The glory of those trees are evanescent, and will soon vanish, but that of the house will be perennial. And with the workmanship of this, too, Messrs. Fasic and Lucas must be credited.

—As we announced in our columns on Wednesday, the marriage of Mr. Stewart Pearce to Miss Lida McGinley, took place Wednesday evening, the 14th, at the residence of the bride's father, in the presence of a number of relatives and friends. The father of the groom, Rev. John J. Pearce, of Lewistown, Pa., officiated, assisted by Rev. Mr. Foster of this place. After the ceremony a fine collation was served to the guests to the unconcealed enjoyment of the numerous young ladies and gentlemen present. The bride and groom left on the evening train for Philadelphia, their future home. Mr. Pearce has an art gallery on Arch street, Philadelphia, and is an agreeble, pleasant gentleman. The bride is the youngest daughter of Daniel McGinley, Esq., of Lamb street. She is an intelligent, amiable girl and, until recently, has been engaged in teaching. She is eminently respected here and takes to her new home the sincere affection and hearty good wishes of all who knew her.

—On October 1st, at 11 a. m., Christian Dale, Sr., met with a serious accident. He was in the orchard standing on a step-ladder reaching for apples, when the ladder gave way, and seeing it go, he jumped from the distance of four feet above to the ground beneath, breaking his limb. Calling to a boy near by, with his assistance got into a wagon and rode to his home, about 100 yards distant. When it was reached he alighted without assistance and entered his home. Dr. Dale attended to the broken limb, visiting his patient twice a day for about a week, and regularly since, once a day. Mr. Dale has suffered no pain, is cheerful and patient and hopeful of his recovery.

—The Ellis Family Bell Ringers, who will appear in Bellefonte on Saturday, the 24th, are the best in the country, and their entertainment contains much that is entirely new and novel. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says of a recent entertainment in that city: "The large audience at the Tenth Baptist Church was greatly entertained by the Ellis Family last night. Their sweet singing, the charming Miss Fanny's recitations, the wonderful copophone, and the many other attractions given by this talented family all served to make the occasion a grand success."

—John McMahon, son of Mr. Peter McMahon, died on the 14th inst. between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m., of pneumonia. He had always been delicate and his constitution could not withstand the attacks of disease. He was a young man of pleasing address and excellent character. The funeral services occurred in the Catholic church, on Bishop street, Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

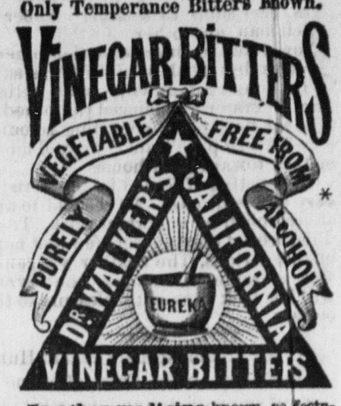
**Decline of English Humor.**

Andrew Lang laments in the *St. James Gazette* the decline of humor and adds: "Is there any profound psychological truth to be gathered from consideration of the fact that humor has gone out with cruelty? A hundred years ago, eighty years ago—nay, fifty years ago—we were a cruel but also a humorous people. We had bull-baitings and badger drawings and bustings and prize-fights and cock-fights; we went to see men hanged; the pillory and the stocks were no empty 'terrors unto evil-doers,' for there was commonly a malefactor occupying each of these institutions. With all this, we had a broad-brown comic sense. We had Hogarth and Bunbury and Geo. Cruikshank and Gilray; we had Leech and Surtees, and the creator of Tittlebat Titmouse; we had the Shepard of the 'Noctes,' and, above all, we had you. From the old giants of English fun—burly persons delighted in broad caricature, in decided colors, in cockney follies, in swashing blows at the more prominent and obvious human follies—from these you derived the splendid high spirits and unhesitating mirth of your earlier works. Mr. Squeers, and Sam Weller and Mrs. Gamp and all the Pickwickians, and Mr. Dowler, and John Brodie, these and their immortal companions were reared, so to speak, on the beef and beer of that naughty, fox-hunting, badger-baiting old England, which we have improved out of existence."

A Chicago boy swallowed some needless about seven years ago, and now they are working out of his calves. That's nothing. We know an editor who swallowed some campaign lies when he was a boy, and they have been working out all over his paper for several years.


*Medical, Etc.*

**Only Temperance Bitters Known.**

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**Millions bear testimony** to its wonderful curative effects.
**It is a purely Vegetable** Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.
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**It is the great Blood Purifier** and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.
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**No person** can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mercurial poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
**Bilious, Remittent,** Intermittent and Malarial Fevers, are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.
**These Fevers** are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon the organs, is absolutely necessary.
**There is no cathartic** for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.
**Fortify the body** against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.
**It Invigorates the Stomach** and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other mineral, all poisonous matter from the system.
**Dyspepsia or Indigestion,** Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.
**For Inflammatory** and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, BITTERS have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative power in the most obstinate and intractable cases.
**Mechanical Diseases.**—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and others, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.
**Skin Diseases,** Scrofula, Salt-rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.
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**For Female Complaints,** in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this BITTERS has no equal.
**Cleanse the Vitiated Blood** when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.
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*Miscellaneous*

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### Terrible Railroad Disaster.

JERSEY CITY, Oct. 18.—11 p. m.—The southern express train on the Pennsylvania railroad ran into an immigrant train near the Hackensack river bridge to-night. Several persons were killed and many wounded. The cars are now burning. All the ambulances in the city have been called out for the relief of the wounded. Some of the dead and injured are being taken to Newark. Two women and a man who were killed and three of the wounded have been brought to this city.

LATER.—The emigrant train which left Jersey City at 7.50 o'clock stopped at a coal chute, and at the east side of the Hackensack river bridge the western, leaving at 8.15 o'clock, crashed into the caboose of the immigrant train and threw the caboose and a passenger car upon the east-bound track. Lehigh Valley train No. 3, leaving Newark at 8.10 o'clock crashed into the wreck and one of the Lehigh Valley cars took fire. The wreck is the most frightful on the road in years. Three of the dead have been brought to Jersey City. They are a man and a woman, both decapitated and terribly mangled, and a boy of about 12 years, whose leg had been cut off. All are dressed as emigrants. Their names have not been learned.

Among the wounded are Evlena Arnears, going on a visit to her father at Madison, Wis.; Christian C. Bolsted, bound for Minneapolis, Minn.; Marinus Clinger, going to Lake Juniata, Cal.; Laura Radeson Malonard, intending to join her husband at Norwood, Iowa. It is impossible now to obtain a full list of the injured. It is said that there are many more under the wreck. The latest information places the number of killed at eight. The killed were all on the immigrant train, as were also the injured. The brakeman of the immigrant train was among the victims.

### A Wreck on the P. & E.

WILLIAMPORT, Pa., Oct. 20.—A collision occurred about 6.30 o'clock this evening between two passenger trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad, about two miles south of this city. Two men were killed and several seriously injured. The killed were Arthur M. Midolekauf, express messenger, of this city, who was on Fast Line west, and Eugene Thorn of Harrisburg, fireman on engine of east bound train. Daniel Roat, engineer of East Line, and Harry Welcomer, engineer of accommodation train were seriously hurt and are in the hospital here. One of the passengers James A. Scott, of Trenton, agent for the Standard Rubber Company, of Boston, had his left ear split open by being thrown against the stove. His injuries are not serious. The accident was caused by the failure of the engineer of the east bound train to observe the red danger light displayed in the signal tower. He was doubtless confused by a blinding rain storm which prevailed at the time.

### Is it an Earthquake.

SUMMIT HILL, Pa., Oct. 19.—This part of Carbon county is somewhat startled by strange underground rumblings. For several days the region about Lansford and Hartranft has been shaken considerably, the shocks being similar to those of an earthquake. The tremor has been felt as far as Tamaqua, a distance of more than fifteen miles. Near here is the burning mine, the flames sending out a tremendous roar, while the sulphurous smoke is perceptible for miles around. The explosions in the mine are presumed to be the cause of the commotion. In many places the earth has commenced to cave in, and this, together with the underground reports, has frightened the superstitious people, who think the disorders are of supernatural origin.

### On the Verge of Starvation.

PITTSBURG, October 20.—An operator just in from the Fourth Pool reports that whole families there of the striking miners are at starvation door. Said he: "I asked a woman, the wife of a miner, yesterday how they were getting along for food. The woman burst into tears and said, 'We have only a few crackers in the house to-day and we have not had a bite to eat since Friday, excepting a few potatoes and some beans.' I find that the woman's story was true, but not only that, but that she was no worse off than dozens of others. It is impossible that the miners can hold out any longer, no difference what the mines officials proclaim."

### Two many Wives bring Trouble.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 19.—James Buckner, alias Frank Taylor, was arrested yesterday at Albany, Ore., on a charge of polygamy. He is known to have three wives living, from whom he is not divorced. Two of his wives live in Oregon and the third in the east. The prisoner's real name is not known, as he has been traveling under various aliases. At the time of his arrest he was living with his third wife. He is not over 30 years old and has children by each wife. Both his first and second wives believed him dead until recently.

### Ferdinand Ward Arraigned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Ferdinand Ward was arraigned again this afternoon on an indictment charging him with having fraudulently obtained $71,800 by means of an overcertified check on the Marine bank. His lawyers pleaded not guilty and the case went over until Thursday morning.

### Furnace Fires Relighted.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 19.—The fires of Cordelia furnace, at Columbia, owned by Isaac McPase, were lighted to-day, after an idleness of eleven months.

Mr. A. E. Watsons is the young gentleman who is reporting Synod Proceedings so graphically for the Philadelphia *Press*.

### A Bride from the Poorhouse.

HONESDALE, Oct. 19.—Jacob Lewis, a well-to-do farmer of this county, having been left a widower some months ago, had great difficulty in getting a housekeeper who would suit him. A few days ago he was in Monticello, and an acquaintance there told him he might be able to get a good woman to take charge of his household at the Sullivan County Poorhouse. He went to the Poorhouse and told Superintendent Osborn what his errand was. The Superintendent told him that he could not let any of the inmates of the house go unless Lewis could find some one among the females there whom he was willing to marry. Lewis said that if he could find a reputable woman in the institution who suited him he would be willing to make her his wife and take her home with him. Osborn showed him through the house. Mrs. Mary Fitch, a comely but unfortunate widow, was working at the washtub in the laundry. After watching her for a few minutes Lewis told Superintendent Osborn that if she was willing he would be suited with the woman at the washtub. The Superintendent spoke to Mrs. Fitch, and told her what the farmer's errand was. She stopped work, looked at Lewis a moment, and then wiped off her hands and arms with her apron and said she would marry him. Esquire Hunt was summoned, and in the presence of the other inmates of the institution he married Mrs. Fitch and Farmer Lewis. The two then drove to Monticello and had dinner. The bridegroom bought his bride a new dress and other articles, and then the two returned to his farm.

### Brief Telegrams.

NEW YORK, October 20.—Colonel John A. McCaull plead guilty yesterday of striking Herr Henrich and pulling his nose. The court fined Colonel McCaull $100 and he paid it. Forepaugh's beauty, Louise Montague, swept into court after the case had been disposed of. She was a witness, but her testimony was not needed.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 20.—The boiler in the steam sawmill of J. A. Quackenbush, near Ridgeville, exploded at daybreak, killing two men and a boy. Three others were terribly scalded and one is missing.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—This afternoon Ellen McGonigle, aged 17, and Mary Riley, aged, 16, employed at Blood's mills, Trenton and Allegheny avenues, were accidentally shot by Patrick Strike, another emplove, who was handling a pistol near them. Both were shot in the face and Miss McGonigle will probably die of her injuries. Miss Riley was but slightly hurt.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 20.—A Youngstown, O., special says: Last night Mrs. Muldoon reported to the police here that she had been robbed of a large sum of money and that her 14-year-old son, Tom, was missing. Search was instituted by the officers and before midnight the boy was found asleep in a shed with his pockets weighed down with gold and silver coin. Two thousand dollars in bills were also found on his person. The shed is located near the railroad depot and it is supposed he intended to take the train leaving the city. The money was restored to the mother and the boy was locked up.

POTTSVILLE, October 20.—This afternoon a cave-in occurred at a small coal mine on Sharp mountain in the suburbs of this city, burying a miner named Andrew Murphy. A rescuing party at once set to work, but up to midnight Murphy had not been reached, although his voice could be heard, showing that he is still alive.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Charles Grant, of Detroit, a member of the Hess opera company, was probably fatally injured at the Union depot last night. While leaning out of a car window his head came in contact with an iron pillar.

### Boycotting Being Checkmated.

CORK, Oct. 18.—At a special meeting of the Cork defence union last night reports were submitted proving that boycotting had been severely checked. A branch of the union will be established in London to have charge of the organization. The union enthusiastically resolved to equip strong forces of farriers to traverse the country for the purpose of shoeing the horses of boycotted persons. Also to attend cattle sales and buy boycotted cattle at fair London prices.

### A Hotel Fire.

NEILLSVILLE, Wis., October 18.—A fire originated in the bar of Central hotel last night and consumed the hotel and out buildings. Several horses were burned and J. E. Breed was frightfully burned while trying to rescue his horses. He lies in a precarious condition. The residence of F. E. Darling was slightly damaged and the house of Mrs. Mary Topple was consumed. The hotel was valued at $15,000. The other losses will amount to $3,000.

### Almost Beheaded.

NORRISTOWN, Oct. 18.—Georgie Saylor, aged 6 years, son of John Saylor, a laborer, was accidentally run over yesterday morning at Mill street station, on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, while he and his younger brother were picking coal under the fatal coal train, and was killed, the wheels passing over his neck and almost severing it.

### A Remarkable Case.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., October 18.—Mrs. Amelia Opper, of Clyde, has just died. Her husband was killed in the battle of the Wilderness, in 1864, and the news of his death drove her insane. Mrs. Opper's life was a blank until four weeks before her death, when her reason returned, and she retained her senses until the last.

### Gordon Appointed Judge.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Governor Pattison appointed James Gay Gordon, of the Twentieth ward, yesterday judge of the court of common pleas, No. 3, to succeed William H. Yerks, deceased. Mr. Gordon received his commission at noon by the hands of Secretary of the Commonwealth Stenger, and will accept.

### The South Penn. Heard From.

HARRISBURG, October 18.—The South Pennsylvania railroad has filed its answer to the attorney general in the injunction suit. It is a general denial of all the averments made in the petition of the attorney general.

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

### SYNOD IN SESSION.

[Continued from 8th page.

TUESDAY MORNING.

While the dark clouds scudded across the sky from the south on Tuesday morning, the "commissioners" hastily swallowed their breakfasts with the aim of reaching the Synod by 8:30 o'clock. Only a few were present when the roll was called. Dr. Parke read the report of the committee on Church Erection and it was accepted.

Was Synod ever known to adjourn without a breeze that ruffled the not too placid tempers of the members as a tornado agitates the sea? The acceptance of the Record of the Presbytery of Philadelphia was under discussion. The Bellefonte pastor said he desired to make a statement in regard to the Woodland church of that Presbytery and its pastor, Rev. Dr. Bacon. There were many objections, as the commissioners knew the result of such a statement. But Rev Laurie could not be suppressed and made his statement. He said that the action of the Philadelphia Presbytery in tolerating Dr. Bacon was "selling God's truth for $5,000 per year." Dr. Bacon had in a paper, apparently, denied the Presbyterian Standards and Scriptural Inspiration, but Dr. Green and Dr. Colfelt, in explanation, said that Dr. Bacon was an enigma, and delighted to be considered so. His pulpit teaching is orthodox. Dr. Colfelt offered the following amendment:

*Resolved*, That Synod approve the Minutes of the Presbytery of Philadelphia with the exception of the record relating to the supply of the pulpit of the Woodland Presbyterian church of Philadelphia, and that Synod appoint a special committee to take into consideration this matter and report to Synod for its action at its next meeting.

One more resolution was passed, as follows:

*Resolved*, That the Synod enjoins its Presbyteries not to allow any of their pulpits to be supplied statedly by ministers, who are not under some Presbyterial jurisdiction.

The Records of the City of Mexico Presbytery were approved.

The Huntingdon Presbytery records provoked discussion. The stumbling block seemed to be the case of a young man—Mr. J. P. Hayes—who was admitted by that Presbytery from the United Brethren church. The young man had been admitted before being fully examined in regard to his qualifications and attainments, although the Presbytery seemed to be fully satisfied thereof. The motion to take exception to the action of Presbytery admitting him was voted down, and the records approved.

The case as stated by Rev. Laurie, was the theft of a cow by Pat from Mrs. Maloney. Pat, when asked by the judge what he would do when Mrs. Maloney and the cow rise in judgment before him, replied that he would say, "Mrs. Maloney, take your cow.

Pat is the Huntingdon Presbytery.

Mrs. Maloney is the church.

The cow is supposed to be the young man.

Wilson Female College was heard from again on the subject of receiving the collections of the Presbytery of Carlisle.

The last words said by the Moderator before closing devotional exercises this morning were: "We will proceed with the business, in an orderly manner, if it takes all the afternoon and evening."

The Board on Aid to Colleges began the afternoon business with a recommendation of $1200 to Wilson Female College. This was strongly objected to.

Dr. W. J. Holland, of Pittsburg, a member of the standing committee on Sabbath Desecration, read the report of that committee. It was complete, exhaustive and full of information. It showed that the desecration of the Lord's Day is often the fault of Christian people. On some railroads only a few trains, or none at all are run. Among iron manufacturers methods are being devised to enable them to operate during only six days in the week, instead of seven. In the oil operations the desecration of the Sabbath is most general. The report contained a word of thanks to Postmaster General Vilas for not operating the immediate delivery letter system on Sunday. The committee recommended Sabbath observance committees in all Presbyteries. The committee was continued.

Rev. Mr. Sloan, of the Standing Committee on Washington and Jefferson College, which institution is not distinctively but essentially Presbyterian reported We believe the college has graduated 1400 ministers and 1800 men prominent in various pursuits.

The report of the Committee on General Assembly was read. The Sabbath School Committee recommended the second day of June of each year as Children's Day. Finance and Treasurer's reports and Home Missions and Susentation reports were successively heard. To the Home Missions report was added a resolution that the work among freedmen in the North be fostered and encouraged by this Synod. Rev. Mr. McClelland read a report on Systematic Beneficence, It was quite humorous.

The usual vote of thanks were passed, expressing the sentiments of the Synod in regard to their entertainment and the welcome that had been extended to them. The resolutions were flattering, and the speeches with which these sentiments were enforced were still more so. Rev. Dr. Colfelt made the first. He said that his father had lived in this vicinity; he had heard much about it, and the names of its inhabitants—the Thompsons, Linns, Potters, Curtins and others—had become blended with his early associations.

Then Rev. Dr. McClelland, of Pittsburg, claimed attention. From an early day he had heard of Bellefonte. When an employe of his father's shop had talked with him, while smoking an old pipe in the gloaming, he had been told of Bellefonte and of Rev. Dr. Linn, pastor of the Presbyterian church. One of the dreams of his life had been to visit Bellefonte, and now, when three dozen years of age, he is here. The half had not been told. He lauded the place in words of extraordinary praise. Rev. Mr. Conway remarked that as the east and west had been heard he would speak for the centre. Rev. Laurie replied appropriately and called on Gen. Beaver, who declined to occupy the valuable time of Synod.

In one of the reports given toward the close of Synod, it was shown that Butler is the banner Presbytery in the uniformity and universality of contributions. It gives larger sums to a larger number of objects than any other.

Now came the time for adjournment. "Blest be the tie that binds" was sung by the congregation with great feeling. The Moderator pronounced the benediction and declared the meeting adjourned. The 5:20 p. m. train conveyed many of them toward their homes.

The meeting of Synod is considered a very successful one. All seemed to aim at accomplishing important work. Their differences of opinion were few and none of them serious. The weather was genial and favorable. Doubtless, the Synod will long look back with pleasure to the occasion.

—At the argument court held in Huntingdon Friday, Judge Furst, after one of the most sympathetic and heartfelt addresses to the prisoner, in which he touched feelingly on his relation to the prisoner's father, said, however, that that relation should or would not deter him from doing his duty in the sight of the law, as he, being a sworn minister of the law would discharge his duty accordingly. He then in a few well chosen remarks admonished the prisoner to in the future lead a better life, and to never again let a drop of liquor pass his lips. At the conclusion of his address the following sentence was imposed: "That you, John Laporte, undergo imprisonment in the Western penitentiary, by separate or solitary confinement, for the period of six years, and that you stand committed until the sentence is complied with." While the sentence was being pronounced the prisoner never once removed his eyes from the Judge, though not the slightest change was perceptible in his countenance. He will be removed to the penitentiary some time next week. The sentence was received by the public with genuine feelings of surprise, and expressions of disapproval are heard on all sides.

—Wednesday morning was a notable one in the astronomical world. If any of that world lingers around Bellefonte, however, its notable features were entirely useless. What rendered it notable was the fact that at 7 o'clock occurred the long-expected epoch of the perihelion of Saturn. It is twenty-nine and one-half years since the occurrence of a similar event, and in that period Saturn has travelled more than five billion of miles and now looks the sun in the face from a standpoint one hundred millions of miles nearer to the central orb than when, fifteen years ago, he passed aphelion, or his most distant point from the sun. At the present time the earth approaches a point where her small orb is almost between the sun and Saturn, and hence profits largely by the proximity. We do not suppose that any of our local astronomers went to their housetops or to the open fields to see the spectacle this morning, as the heavy clouds and rain-filled atmosphere would make such a proceeding entirely useless.

### A Tribute to the Late Mrs. Mann.

The officers, teachers and pupils of the Boiling Springs Union Sunday-school, holding in grateful memory the constant interest manifested in their welfare by Mrs. Jane F. Mann; cherishing in their hearts the lasting teachings of her life, so likened to that of Christ her Master in deeds of kindness and love; feeling that from their midst and presence a light has gone out that was never hid, but constantly beamed forth the inspiring rays of the Gospel of the Son of God, and prompted all who beheld to newness of life in Him who is the way, and the truth, and the life, unitedly would join in this testimonial of all she was to them. A constant friend in ministering to their needs, a faithful teacher of divine truth, a consistent exemplar of Christian virtues; ever desirous that we may follow her footsteps even as she followed Christ's.

SAMUEL T. BROOKS,
BOILING SPRINGS, REUBEN M. KAUP,
Oct. 18, 1885. JAMES E. WILLIAMS.

—We hear of the death, on Monday, of two persons—Mrs. McMurtrie, who lived at Coleville, and Mrs. Clinger of Roopsburg. Mrs. McMurtrie's remains were conveyed to Huntingdon for interment. She was quite an aged lady. Mrs. Clinger was buried on Wednesday afternoon.

### SPECIAL MENTION.

—Dr. S. C. Logan, on Monday evening, was heard to make two speeches on the exception to the report of the Blairsville Presbytery, and when the vote was to be taken he asked what the exception was.

Fall and winter WOOLENS just received. LEAVE YOUR ORDER NOW AND SAVE MONEY. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Theodore Baney, a son of Mr. Eli Baney, was terribly injured last Tuesday by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge which some other boy had given him. The index finger and third finger of the right hand will have to be amputated. A wound was also made on the stomach which is quite serious.

### A Card.

Owing to our store having been so crowded during the opening, that many went away without having been waited upon, we have decided to make every Monday and Saturday for the next four (4) weeks—*Special Bargain Day*. We will add to our long list of Sledge Hammers upon Saturday, Oct. 24th, 100 doz. Ladies Merino and all wool Seamless Cashmere Hose, of superior quality, Solid Colors at 25 cts. per pair, 1 lot Jersey caps at 15 cts. each. GOLDSMITH BROTHERS,
o20d1w1tw Bee Hive One Price Stores.

Miss Emma Snyder has returned from Philadelphia with the largest stock of millinery goods that has been brought here this Fall. There is no old stock on hand, but all is new. Opening on Tuesday, October 20. We invite the citizens of Bellefonte, Centre county, to call and examine goods. SNYDER SISTERS.
*o15w1md1w

—John Laporte, the murderer of James Irwin, was taken to the penitentiary at Pittsburg on Tuesday evening.

### Terribly Shaken

As the system is by fever and ague, and obstinate as that malady is, nevertheless Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will repair the damage that it does to the constitution, and eradicate every trace of it Used as a means of prevention, it invariably proves effectual. The most malignant forms of malarial disease prevalent in the tropics, the dreaded *calentura* of the Guatemalan coast, the Ceagres fever, and other types of the miasmatic maladies, yield to and are prevented by it. Not only should it be used on the first symptom of a chill, but all persons residing in localities where malarial infections exist in air and water, should take it as a safeguard. It is an incomparable remedy for disorders of the stomach and bowels, for rheumatism, inactivity of the bladder and kidneys, and for debility and bilious ailments.

—Rev. Dr. Niles' sermon in the Reformed church on Sunday evening is highly spoken of. The Doctor is bright, quick and very able, and the sermon is said to have been one of his master efforts.

PECK'S SUN, published at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, is the most humorous paper in America to-day. Geo. W. Peck, its editor and proprietor stands without an equal as a humorist. He believes in making people happy, and no one can be otherwise who reads his most excellent paper. Our readers are invited to read the prospectus of Peck's Sun, in another column. Sample copies mailed free to any address.

### Distinguished Visitor.

Col. D. P. Peters, the Great American Hotel Opener, spent Sunday in Bellefonte. The Colonel says he has opened seven hotels since he left Bellefonte. This makes 162 hotels kept by the Colonel since he started in business.

### Rally! Rally!

A Grand Mass Meeting of the people will be held in the Big Tent at Milesburg, Saturday Oct. 24, 1885, to discuss the reasons why our merchants are failing, our farmers losing money, our mechanics and laborers idle, and why monopoly is eating up the substance of the people as a hungry army eats fresh bread. Meetings in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Ladies especially invited. A brass band will be in attendance. Farmers of Centre county, hitch your big horses in your big wagons and bring your wives, sons and daughters to this meeting. Bring your neighbors who haven't got teams. Spend one day in finding out why your farms are falling in value, and your taxes increasing. Hon. Jesse Harper, of Illinois, the friend of Lincoln, T. A. Armstrong, the statesman labor leader, Hon. Chas. Jenkins, of Ohio, the statistical farmer orator, will positively be present and discuss these questions. Hon. Chas. N. Brumm, of Pennsylvania, and Gen. A. J. Warner, of Ohio, have been invited and it is believed will be present. Efforts are being made to get special trains, but we invite the people to come in their wagons, on horseback or on foot. These questions go right down into the pockets of everybody. Give one day for the benefit of your pocketbook. By order of the State Committee. T. P. RYNDER.
Chair. N. G. L. P. of Pennsylvania.
Milesburg, Centre Co., Pa., Oct. 14, 1885.
17—41—2t

### Bellefonte Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

BELLEFONTE, October 21, 1885.

| | |
|---|---|
| Red Wheat, per bushel | $ 85 |
| Mixed Wheat | 80 |
| Buckwheat | 50 |
| Rye per bushel | 60 |
| Corn (shelled) | 50 |
| Oats | 30 |
| Cloverseed, fair to good | $4 25 |
| do prime to extra prime | 4 75 |
| do choice | 5 25 |
| Flour, retail, per barrel | 5 40 |
| Flour, wholesale | 4 50 |
| **HAY AND STRAW.** | |
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $12 00 |
| Hay, mixed, per ton | 8 00 |
| Long rye straw, bundled, per ton | 10 00 |
| Short straw per ton | 6 00@ 8 00 |

### Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited,"

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | 8 |
| Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded | 12 |
| Beans per quart | 8 |
| Fresh butter per pound | 18 |
| Chickens per piece | 25 |
| Cheese per pound | 12 to 15 |
| Country hams per pound | 13 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 13 |
| Breakfast Bacon | 12½ |
| Country Bacon | 10 |
| Lard per pound | 10 |
| Eggs per doz | 18 |
| Potatoes (new), per bushel | 40 |
| Dried beef | 20 |
| Canned Beef per pound | 25 |
| Canned tomatoes per can | 10—12½—15 |
| Canned corn " | 10—12½—40 |
| Lemons per doz | 30 |
| Dried sweet corn per pound | 07 |


ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 17 17 1y



*Vitalized Phosphites.*

HEALTH AND VIGOR FOR THE BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM

CROSBY'S VITALIZED PHOS-PHITES

*Composed of the Nerve giving Principles of the Ox-Brain and the Embryo of the Weat and Oat.*

This is a standard preparation with all physicians who treat mental or nervous disorders. The formula is on every label. Its chemical composition is superintended by a professor of Chemistry.

As it is identical in its composition with brain matter, it is rapidly absorbed, and quickly relieves the depression from intellectual efforts, fatigue, loss of memory, or mental irritability.

Sleeplessness, irritation, nervous exhaustion, inability to work or study is but a brian-hunger—in urgent cases, brain starvation. This brain nutriment quickly feeds the hungry nerves and restores brain power. It is a cure for nervous disorders and debility in old or young.

*BRAIN WORKERS NEED BRAIN FOOD.*

**Crosby's Vitalized Phos-phites should be taken as a Special Brain Food.**

To build up worn out nerves, to banish sleeplessness, neuralgia and sick headache. I have not had a severe headache since I began its use, it was my great trouble before.—*Dr. Guyon.*
To promote good digestion.—*Dr. Fillmore.*
To "stamp out" consumption.—*Dr. Churchill.*
To "completely cure night sweats."—*John B. Quigley.*
To maintain the capabilities of the nerves to perform all functions even at the highest tension.—*Ed. Treasure Trove.*
To restore the energy lost by nervousness, debility, over exertion or enervated vital powers.—*Dr. W. S. Wells.*
To repair the nerves that have been enfeebled by worry, depression, anxiety or deep grief.—*Miss Mary Rankin.*
To strengthen the intellect so that study and deep mental application may be a pleasure and not a trial.—*E. M. Chuch.*
To develop good teeth, glossy hair, clear skin, handsome nails in the young, so that they may be an inheritance in later years.—*Ed. School Journal.*
To enlarge the capabilities for enjoyment.—*National Journal of Education.*
To "make life a pleasure" "not a daily suffering." "I really urge you to put it to the test."—*Miss Emily Faithful.*
To amplify bodily and mental power to the present generation and "prove the survival of the fittest" to the next.—*Bismarck.*
To restore lost powers and abilities.—*Dr. Bull.*
There is no other Vital Phos-phite, none that is extracted from living animal and vegetable tissues.

F. CROSBY CO.,

56 West 25th St., New York.

For sale by Druggists; or by Mail in P. O. Order, Bill or Postage-Stamps, $1. 16 44 1y

### Newsy Notes from Unionville.

The wheels of industry are still moving in this place, extensive repairs to the grist mill and mill race having just been completed by A. W. Homan and his force of men. So now Mr. Williams, the late lessee of the property, is pretty well prepared to accommodate the public, having both steam and water power to propel the machinery.

These cold, frosty mornings make the coal trade lively and C. Buck and J. C. Rumbarger are busy delivering coal to their respective customers.

Mr. McDonald, with his force of workmen, is continually employed on the railroad, keeping it in order for the many trains which daily pass over it.

Inquiry is made what J. C. Rumbarger wants with that nice new house he has nearly completed, but we suppose he has the bird engaged.

W. C. VanValin, the dentist, is happy in his present location, being so near the new depot that the grinning new teeth can be seen in his office window.

Dr. E. A. Russell has had the old post office building transformed into a three gabled office, with a new coat of paint inside and out, giving it a neat and comfortable appearance.

J. Cleaver, the surveyor, is always ready for a call in his profession, and between times gives his personal attention to the furniture business.

B. Rich and son depart weekly from this place with their wagon load of provisions and supplies for the camp on Benner's Run, where they are superintending the construction of dams and houses on the hunting and fishing grounds of the late incorporated company.

The firm of A. J. & T. E. Griest are doing a good business and becoming a weighty firm, at least in personal capacity.

Mr. Wm. Resides, in accordance with the times, has curtailed clerical expenses and is doing a fair business.

J. W. Hoover is endeavoring to keep a good line of goods and receives a fair share of patronage.

Mr. Samuel Brugger has settled down at home, superintending affairs on his farm and awaiting the call for a resumption of engineering operations on the Beech Creek R R.

Mrs. Allina Hickman (an old resident of this place, and a much respected lady now over 81 years of age) has been visiting for a few weeks here amongst her friends and relatives, and is now about to return to her son-in law, Dr. Tipple, of Toledo, O., where she will spend the winter.

Mr. Benner, the bee keeper, gun smith and general tinker, deserves much credit for replacing the old unsightly limekiln with a nice new house and shop, a terraced yard and general improvements.

Mr. John Conley, the saddler, is a comly lad, sitting at the old toll gate stand, but instead of watching for toll, he is looking for the man who drives a nice team and is in need of new harness.

The ring of the anvil is heard late and early at the shops of Daniel Hall and J. C. Janes, who vie with each other for custom.

L. B. Bathurst, the tinner, has got his fine new house on Main St finished, and has set up a battering, rattling and jingling on the corner of Chestnut and Plank Road streets.

Owen Underwood has nearly completed a large addition to the old mansion house, with a double porch in front, from which a fine view may be had of his nice valley farm and the beautiful mountain slope beyond.

G. N. Raup & Sons, lumbermen, who have been operating in this neighborhood for the past two or three years, have just removed their saw mill near to Hublersburg, this county, where they propose manufacturing lumber. The citizens of that locality may feel flattered in having so honorable a party to deal with and to locate amongst them.

The schools here are in successful opperation, though rather too much crowded, which is an indication that another room should be added for advanced classes. x.

### The Ministers in the Churches.

The modertor of Synod, Rev. Dr. Cunningham, of Wheeling, W. Va., preached in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning. His text was from St. Luke, 12th chap., and part of verse 29—"Neither be ye of doubtful mind."

Rev. Dr. Breed, of Philapelphia, occupied the same pulpit in the evening, preaching a deeply interesting historical sermon on "The Revocation of the Edict of Nantes." As a basis for his remarks he read the 9th, 10th and 11th verses of the 6th chapter of Revelation.

Rev. Dr. Colfelt, the handsome, learned and eloquent pastor of one of the large Philadelphia churches, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday morning, preaching to a congregation which filled every part of the vast auditorium. His text was from Romans 3d chapter and 28th verse—"Therefore we conclude, that a man is justified by faith without the deeds of the law."

The congregation listened with spellbound attention to the eloquent words of the reverend gentleman. His beautiful thoughts, appropriate comparisons and impressive manner and words were remarkable and could have been listened to much longer.

Rev. Dr. Patterson, editor of the Presbyterian *Journal*, filled the M. E. pulpit in the evening, preaching from Romans 1:16, "For I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Christ."

The pulpit of the Reformed church on Sunday evening was filled by Rev. Dr. Niles. His text was from Hebrews 11:26, "By faith, Moses, when he was come to years, refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter."

In the Presbyterian church in the evening a Synodical quartette occupied the choir gallery. A voluntary was rendered at the opening of the service and they led all the hymns of the evening. The members of the choir were Revs. W. R. Miller and Wm. K. Foster and Elders Snyder and Parsons. The anthem rendered as a voluntary was "Who is the King of Glory?"

—Col. Geo. W. Bain will speak in Muncy next Tuesday evening.


*H. K. Hicks & Bro., Hardware and Stoves.*

# A CASH
# Hardware AND Stove Establishment!

AT LAST WE HAVE IT—The First one that was ever started in Centre County.

## Hardware in all its Branches, Stoves, Tinware, Oils, Paints, Glass, &c.,

**SOLD FOR CASH ONLY,** AND AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES AND CLOSE PROFITS.

It is high time that our Cash Customers knew that in the past they have been paying for the time or credit others have been getting. We propose from this out to treat all alike, which none of our competitors can do who do a combined cash and credit business. We save all the cash discounts by paying cash ourselves and we give our patrons the same advantage. We mean what we say. Try us and see, if you have any doubt of the low prices.

**OUR LINE IS TOO LARGE**

to enumerate goods and prices, but our establishment has been known for years throughout this and adjoining counties, and the citizens know we always carry the largest stock.

Responsible parties ordering goods by mail, telephone or bearer, will receive them promptly, accompanied with the bill, but with the distinct understanding that the money or check will be sent by return mail.

Call and See Us.

Write for Prices.

The impression seems to be with some that we are closing out our business, but we wish it distinctly understood that such is not the case. We intend to keep a full and complete stock all the time and remain in the Hardware Business in Bellefonte. H. K. HICKS & BRO.

**H. K. HICKS & BRO., - - - Bellefonte, Pa.**

17 33 1y


### Well Entertained.

In reference to the treatment of the Synod Commissioners by their entertainers in this place, the correspondent of the Altoona *Tribune* has the following paragraph:

The synod passed as its most decided and unanimous vote a resolution of thanks to Brother Laurie, pastor, and to the people of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church; and well it might, for certainly never in the history of the synod was it more royally entertained, and at no town or city within its bounds could it find a heartier welcome, more unbounded hospitality, more delightful homes in which to sojourn, or more intelligent Christian men and women than in Bellefonte.

—The old Methodist parsonage at Howard has been sold. The work on the new one is well under way. The new parsonage is being built nearer the church, and will be much more convenient and commodious than the old one.

—The train loads going out of Bellefonte for the past twenty-four hours have been "awfully good," because of the number of prominent Presbyterians among the passengers.

### More Frauds Unearthed.

CINCINNATI, October 20.—At the hearing to-day before Judge Buckwalter in the mandamus proceedings to compel the judges of election in a precinct in the Eighteenth ward to make a proper return of the election, J. H. Thompson, the republican judge of the precinct, testified that one man voted seven times under different names, the votes being received against his (Thompson's) protest. He also testified to other irregularities and said he afterwards refused to assist in the counting. Another witness testified to seeing two boys, whom he knew to be residents of Covington, vote at his precinct. He said they were brought to the polls by a special policeman. He testified that he subsequently saw the boys receive money. The question to be raised after the testimony has ended is whether the court can compel the judges to sign a return when they know it to be tainted with fraud.

### McLean Gives it Up.

CINCINNATI, October 20.—"Mr. McLean, what will be the complexion of the next legislature?" said a reporter of the United Press this morning to the proprietor of the Enquirer: "The Democrats will have a majority of three in the senate, and the Republicans will lead by six in the house."

### The Board of Pardons.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 20.—At the session of the board of pardons to-day the case of Curtin McClain, of Mifflin county, sentenced to be hanged, was set down for a hearing on Monday next, when it will be decided on its merits alone, as if it had never come before the board.

*Medical.*


**PURE** IS THE ABSOLUTE NECESSITY OF HEALTH. **BLOOD**

THE marvellous results of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA upon all humors and low conditions of the blood (as proven by the cures effected) prove it the best BLOOD MEDICINE. Such has been the success of this article at home that nearly every family in whole neighborhoods have been taking it at the same time. It eradicates scrofula, vitalizes and enriches the blood, thereby restoring and renovating the whole system. Hood's SARSAPARILLA purifies the blood. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures dyspepsia. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures biliousness. A peculiar point in Hood's SARSAPARILLA is that it builds up and strengthens the system, while it eradicates disease, and as nature's great assistant proves itself invaluable as a protection from diseases that originate in changes of the seasons, of climate and of life.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

**SCROFULA.**

135 HOWARD STREET, LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 17.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—I have used HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA in my family for scrofulous humor with wonderful success, and am happy to tell you that it is the best medicine we ever used. I do sincerely advise any one who is troubled with scrofula to give this valuable remedy a trial, and assure them they will not be disappointed. Very truly yours, (Coburn Shuttle Co.) C. C. PICKERING.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

17 41 1y


### Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, W Miles Walker, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1885,

for the purpose of electing one person for State Treasurer.

One person for Coroner for the county of Centre.

Two persons for Jury Commisioners for the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several Borough and Townships within the county of Centre are as follow, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg.

For the township of Halfmoon, at the school house in Stormstown,

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Gregg, (northern precinct) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg, (southern precinct) at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher, at Penn Hall.

For the borough of Centre Hall, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Potter, (northern precinct) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter, (southern precinct) at the house owned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman.

For the township of College, at the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson, (old precinct) in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson, (new precinct) in the school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the borough of Howard, at the public school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush, (northern precinct) in the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush, (southern precinct) in public school house, in the village of Powelton.

For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the school house, in the village of Snow Shoe.

For the township of Snow Shoe, (western precinct) at school house, in village of Moshannon.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kling, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, (eastern precinct) at the public school house, known as Curtin school house.

For the township of Boggs (western precinct) at school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

NOTICE is hereby given, "That every person executing the office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector, or clerk of an election of this commonwealth; and that no Inspectors, Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of the Judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers to be voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office, in Bellefonte, this 9th day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-five, and in the One Hundred and Ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

W. MILES WALKER, Sheriff of Centre county.

17 41 1f


**S. A. STOVER,**

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Marble and Granite Monuments, Tombstones, BURIAL VAULTS, Etc. Hundreds of Designs to select from.

Tubular Galvanized & Wrought Iron FENCING for Cemetery Lots. Agent for Enameled and Marbleized SLATE MANTELS, FINE GRATES, FURNITURE, TOPS, Etc.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR THE YEAR 1885.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
PRICES LOWER THAN IN LARGE CITIES.

16-28tf


*New Advertisements.*


A CHANCE
**TO BUY GUNS**
CHEAPLY.

Rifle and Shotguns, B. L. pistol grip, rebounding lock, $20 to $25.
Winchester Rifles, new models, $16 to $17.
Shotguns, B L, double, $11 to $30,
" " single, $3 to $10.
" M. L., double, $5 to $8,
" " single, $2 to 14.

—AT—

**DESCHNER'S**
**Great Central Gun Works,**
Water St., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

17 10 1y



**Profit for Everybody.**

Parker's Tonic kept in a home is a sentinel to keep sickness out. Used discreetly it keeps the blood pure, and the stomach, liver and kidneys in working order. Coughs and colds vanish before it. It builds up the health.

"I sell large quantities of Parker's Tonic in my drug store. Among my customers, a doctor has been prescribing it for the past two years. He was nearly dead himself, and tried every remedy known to his profession, without any relief. After he had used four bottles of Parker's Tonic he began to grow in flesh, and the improvement in his health was absolutely wonderful. He now recommends it to everyone."—J. E. DARROW, Calumet Ave Pharmacy, 113 Twenty-ninth Street, Chicago, Ill.

**PARKER'S TONIC**

[Prepared by Hiscox & Co., N. Y.]
Sold by all druggists in large bottles at One Dollar.
17 42 1m


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Samuel Olewine, late of Bellefonte, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JOHN I. OLEWINE, Administrator.

Bellefonte, Oct. 19, 1885.
17 42 6t.


Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh

A live school, imparting a practical business education; enabling young men to enter upon the active duties of life. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS

oct15 8t


*Miscellaneous.*

**PUBLIC SALE.**

Will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry, at the residence of the late A. S. Tipton, on Marsh creek, Curtin township, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1885,

beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., the following Personal property belonging to the estate of the said deceased: 7 Horses, 3 Cows, lot of Young Cattle, lot of Essex Hogs and Shoats, a flock of half-breed Merino, Southdown and Cotswold sheep, 1 Carriage, 1 Buggy, 1 Spring Wagon, 2 four-horse Wagons, 1 two horse Wagon, Sleds, Plow, Harrows, Corn Planters, Cultivators, Hay Rake, Wagon Ladders, 1 Threshing Machine, Horse Power and shaker, 2 Climax Fodder and Straw Cutters, 1 Premium Farm Grist Mill, 2 Fanning Mills, 1 Strowbridge Broadcast Seed Sower, 1 Grubber, full kit Blacksmith's Tools, 1 full kit Carpenter's Tools, 2 sets Heavy Work Harness, 1 set Light Carrige Harness—double, 1 set Light Driving Harness—single, Grain Cradles, Scythes, forks and a general assortment of Farming Implements, Sawed Lumber in lots, Beds and Bedding, Cupboards, new Cooking Stove, 1 Room Stove, Carpets, 1 Clock, Dishes, Cooking Utensils, Chairs, Tables, Stands and many other articles of Household Furniture too numerous to mention.

Terms made known on day of sale
REBECCA J. TIPTON, Administratrix.

17 40 3t

CAUTION.—The public are hereby cautioned that the following personal property now in the hands of P. G. Savage is held in trust for Hoover, Hughes & Co.: 2 horses, 1 wagon, 1 buggy and harness, 1 set of double harness, 1 set of single harness, and the same is left in his hands subject to their order. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle with the same.

HOOVER, HUGHES & CO.

Philipsburg, Oct. 1, 1885. 17 40 3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Jane F. Mann, deceased.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jane F. Mann late of Spring township, Centre county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to. A. O. FURST, Executor.

Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa., October 15, 1885. 17 41 6t

*Miscellaneous.*


THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT
**Book Bindery.**

The Only Book Binding Establishment in Centre County.

We have purchased an entire new outfit for the Book Binding business, and have engaged one of the

BEST BINDERS

in the State, Mr. JOHN LINGLE, late foreman of the Patriot Book Bindery of Harrisburg, and are therefore prepared to bind all kinds of

BOOKS,
PAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
BLANK BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
LAW BOOKS,
HOTEL REGISTERS,
&c., &c., &c.

POCKET-BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS, TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS LETTERED.

**Old Books Re-Bound.**

All binding will be done at our establishment. No work will be sent away for binding. You are thus saved the express charges and commission.

**All Work Guaranteed.**

ADDRESS THE

CENTRE DEMOCRAT BOOK BINDERY,
HARRIS' BLOCK,
Bellefonte, Penna.

17 41 1f


DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between George R. Boak, Cameron Boak, and Theo. A. Boak, under the firm name of George R. Boak & Co., and Boak Bros. & Co., of Snow Shoe, Pa., has been by mutual consent this day, October 6, 1885, dissolved. The books and accounts of the late firm are in the hands of Cameron Boak and Theodore A. Boak, who are authorized to make settlement of the same and satisfy all demands on said partnership presented for payment.

[Signed.] GEO. R. BOAK,
CAMERON BOAK,
THEO. A. BOAK.

The business heretofore existing under the firm name of Geo. R. Boak & Co., and Boak Bros. & Co. will be conducted at the oldstand by the undersigned under the firm name of Boak Brothers, who respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage from the public. CAMERON BOAK,
17 41 3t THEO. A. BOAK.

*Groceries and Provisions.*


**SECHLER & CO.**

**GROCERIES**

66 and 68 High Street,

*Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.*

FINE ALL-SUGAR SYRUPS at 40c and 50c. per gallon.
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, made by the old process, pure goods, 80c. per gallon.
A STRICTLY FINE MILD CHEESE at 12½c. per pound.
A GOOD SOUTH CAROLINA RICE at 5c, per pound.
NEW FRENCH PRUNES at 10c. per pound.
NEW TURKEY PRUNES at 8c per pound.
LEMONS, ORANGES, BANANAS, PINE APPLES, DATES, RAISINS, FIGS, all fine goods at lowest prices.
ALL THE LEADING BRANDS OF SOAP by the box and at retail.
CALIFORNIA CANNED FRUITS, 25c., three cans for $1.
TOMATO KETCHUP, quart bottles, 15c.
VANILLA BEANS at 5c., 10c., and 15c, a piece

ALL THE

**Home Brands of Flour,**

and a very fine Flour made at Toledo, O.

GROUND ALUM SALT, 200 lbs. bags, $1.
FINE SALT, 280 lbs. barrels, at $1.75.

We have just purchased a line of excellent

TEAS

—IN—

IMPERIAL, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER OOLONG, JAPAN AND MIXED.

They are equal to anything heretofore sold for $1. We are selling them at 80c. They are worth more than we get for them.

DANDY CIGARS!!

2 for 5c. Beats everything.



**SECHLER & CO.**

**PROVISIONS,**

66 and 68 High Street,

*Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.*

FINE MILD SUGAR CURED HAMS, nicely trimmed and fine flavored, 14c. per lb.
BREAKFAST BACON, nice sweet goods, at 12½c. per lb.
BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON at 14c. per pound.
ROULETTE HAMS, sugar-cured, at 12½c.
SHOULDERS, sugar cured, at 10c per pound.
DRIED BEEF, sugar cured, at 15c. per pound.
ARMOUR & CO.'S and FAIRBANKS & CO.'S CORNED and ROAST BEEF in 2-pound cans, 30c.
ARMOUR & CO.'S CHIPPED DRESSED BEEF in 1-pound cans, 25c.
FRESH COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON, 15c. and and 20c. a can.
NEW MACKEREL—
12 lb. Kits, 75c., $1, $1 25, $1 50.
40 lb., quarter barrel, $1 75, $2 75, $3 75, $5 00
80 lb., half barrel, $3 50, $5 50, $7 25, $11 00.

Our mackerel this year are the most satisfactory goods we have ever sold. They are

ALL NEW, BRIGHT, FAT FISH.

BONELESS CODFISH, nice goods, at 8c. per pound.



**SECHLER & CO.**

**FRESH MEATS,**

66 and 68 High Street,

*Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.*

Schedule of prices made by us on Monday May 4, 1885.

BOILING MEATS.....8 and 10c.
RUMP ROASTS.....10 and 12½c.
CHUCK STEAKS & ROASTS.....12½c.
ROUND STEAKS.....16c.
STANDING RIB ROASTS.....18c.
LOIN STEAKS.....18c.



**SUNDRIES!**

CORN BROOMS,
WASH TUBS,
RUBBERS,
BRUSHES.

THE CURRY PAIL, 2 hoops, 20c., 3 hoops, 25c. The best pails now made.

Some Attractive Novelties in

**GLASSWARE.**

D. M. Ferry & Co.'s and Hiram Sibley & Co.'s New

**SEEDS for 1885.**

PICKELS

# Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance


### A Horrible Tragedy.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 16.—Between 8 and 9 o'clock last night a terrible tragedy was committed at Seybertsville, a small village nine miles from here. Four tramps entered a small house some distance back from the main road in which lived two bachelor brothers, John and William Kesler, aged respectively 50 and 54 years, and demanded a large sum of money which was known to be secreted about the house. The Keslers' refused to reveal where their money was hidden and the tramps then bound them both hand and foot and beat their brains out with a heavy club. After committing the murder they fled and have not yet been arrested.

The two brothers had lived in a frame shanty about one mile from Seybertsville for thirty years. They gained a livelihood by cultivating a small patch of ground and doing odd jobs for neighboring farmers, and by economy managed to accumulate several thousand dollars, which was generally thought to be secreted about the house. With them lived John Kitter, an illegitimate son of the older of the two brothers. When the young man returned to the house about 9 o'clock last night he was horrified on discovering the dead bodies of his father and uncle lying on the floor. He quickly alarmed the neighbors who hurried to the scene of the tragedy and an examination showed that John had been shot through the head and William had been beaten to death with a club, his head being horrible crushed by repeated blows.

Several times yesterday four tramps were noticed lurking in the vicinity and the police authorities say they have convincing evidence that these are the persons who committed the crime. Search is now being made for them. The drawers and trunks of the house had been ransacked, showing that the object of the murder was robbery, and it is supposed that the tramps had heard that the money was hidden in the house. Young Kitter says that the money was secreted outside of the house, and that the murderers didn't secure it.

### Foraker's Majority Still Increasing.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 15.—There can be no absolute certainty about the result of Tuesday's election in Hamilton county until the official count is made. The polls in the two precincts of the Nineteenth ward, whose counting was finished last night, have now been counted, and the result for governor, with one country precinct missing, which in 1884 gave seventeen Republican majority, stands thus: Governor—Hoadly, 33,937; Foraker, 32,362; Leonard, 1,020; Hoadly's plurality, 305. The returns are far from complete on the legislative ticket. The *Times-Star* estimates that the average vote on Republican members of the legislature exceeds Foraker's vote by 1,015. If that rate is maintained it would elect the Republican delegation except Robert Harlan.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 15.—The unofficial vote from all but five counties shows a plurality for Foraker of 21,425. The five counties not heard from, and which are omitted entirely in reaching the above figures, are Brown, Carroll, Hamilton, Holmes and Ottawa. Four of these are Democratic and (Hamilton) is doubtful.

LATER.—Returns received from Holmes county give Hoadly 1,900 plurality. This will make Foraker's plurality 19,595, leaving out the counties of Brown, Carroll, Hamilton and Ottawa, which have not yet been heard from. The net Democratic plurality in Brown, Carroll and Ottawa last October was 2,000.

### How Josh Billings Died.

MONTEREY, Cal., Oct. 15.—About 9.45 yesterday morning Dr. Heintz was summoned to the Hotel Del Monte to attend "Josh Billings," who was sitting in a chair in the vestibule, apparently enjoying the best of health. When the physician arrived he complained of severe pain in the chest, remarking: "My doctors east ordered rest of brain," and added, throwing back his long hair, "but you can see I do not have to work my brain for a single lecture—It comes spontaneously." While he was talking he suddenly threw his hands over his head and fell backwards unconscious. He was carried to his room and at the end of three minutes life was extinct. His wife, who accompanied him on his trip to the Pacific coast, was with him during his last moments. His face has retained a perfectly natural expression and bears no indication of pain. He was to have lectured here to-morrow for the benefit of the local Lodge of Good Templars. At the hotel he had made himself a general favorite by his good-natured way.

### Brutal Assault on a School Girl.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 15.—A special from Primrose, Pa., says: Last evening a number of female scholars were returning from school at Oakdale, near here, when they were met by three boys—two white and one colored—aged about 18 years, who attacked them with revolvers. All of the girls escaped but Annie McKemp, 14 years old, who was seized by the young outlaws, terribly assaulted, and then left lying on the ground in an unconscious condition. She was found by friends some hours later and a posse was at once organized to capture the assailants. After a long search they were run down and arrested here. The condition of the girl is serious and it is feared that she cannot recover. Great indignation prevails and lynching is freely talked of. The boys arrested answer the description of three prisoners who recently escaped from the Morganza reformatory.

### A Cat Alarms the Guests.

ATLANTA, Oct. 14.—At midnight last night the inmates of the National Hotel were awakened by the incessant caterwauling of a cat, and found their rooms filled with smoke. It was thus discovered that the hotel was on fire, and measures were taken to stay the flames. One of the lady's has placed a gold band on the cat's neck.

### The South Pennsylvania Suit.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—The respondents in the South Pennsylvania Railroad injunction hearing began to take testimony to-day. President Roberts of the Pennsylvania Railroad said that in no wise did he consider the South Pennsylvania a competitor of the Pennsylvania Railroad proper; for nearly 200 miles there are not enough people along the road to make a village of 10,000 people. There is no trade there to compete for. The only manner in which the road could become injurious was by its affiliation with other lines East and West. It could very readily become a natural feeder to the Pennsylvania road, but not a competitor. The reason he had involved his company in an outlay of $5,600,000 was that he wanted to get out of the way and remove a disturbing element in the trunk line business. Whenever the West Shore was talked about he always maintained that it was useless for the New York Central to assume control of the West Shore line unless the South Pennsylvania was disposed of.

He had always been opposed to the purchase of the road, and if he had been left to himself he would never have been mixed up in the negotiations; but he was influenced against his judgment by the co-executive officer of the company.

### War Imminent.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The hopes entertained last night of a peaceful settlement of the Roumelian question have been shattered this morning by the receipt of a dispatch from Constantinople, stating the the conference has formally declared that the porte has disavowed the Bulgaro-Roumelian union. Further news is awaited with considerable anxiety.

A dispatch from Constantinople says the war feeling throughout Turkey is rampant, and if a clash of arms over the usurpation of the sultan's suzerainty by the recent union of Bulgaria and East Roumelia is avoided, it will be miraculous. In official circles it is freely stated that the sultan is determined to permit no further encroachments upon his European possessions unless by force of arms, and that if the conference of ambassadors now in session does not adopt measures which will speedily reduce the territorial limits of Bulgaria to what they were previous to the union, he will at once declare war against the principality.

### A Bridge Blown Down.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—By the storm of last night a number of fine ornamental trees on the streets were uprooted, and new buildings in process of construction damaged. A portion of the bridge over the Northwest branch of the Patapsco, connecting this city with Anne Arundel County, was blown away, and a large section on the city side escaped, its pen having been destroyed. The creature was seen this morning going down Chesapeake Bay.

### Big Guns.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—Congressmen Randall of Pennsylvania, Crisp of Georgia, and Reed of Maine, the committee to examine the facilities of the country for the manufacture of ordnance, met here to-day and arranged to visit various places in and around the city where heavy ordnance is cast. This afternoon the committee visited the Watertown Arsenal, and to-morrow they will visit the South Boston Iron Works, where the heaviest guns are cast.

### Jay Gould Out West.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 13.—Jay Gould, accompanied by Russell Sage and several Missouri Pacific officials, arrived in this city yesterday on an inspection trip over the Nebraska extension of that road, which will probably be extended next year from Omaha into northwestern Nebraska. Twenty acres of ground were purchased near the city limits four days ago for shops, roundhouses, and other terminal facilities.

### Epidemics All over the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Reports received at the Marine Hospital Bureau show that yellow fever is epidemic in Caracas; that cholera is decreasing in Spain and is extinguished in Valencia; that smallpox is raging in Buenos Ayres with alarming fatality, and that yellow fever has appeared in Acapulco.

### Embarrassment of a Furnace Firm.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 16.—Two executions, aggregating $13,136.82, were issued here this afternoon against Watts, Twells & Co., owners of the Vesta iron furnace, at Marietta, Pa. Their liabilities are large and will not be covered by their assets. Other executions will be issued.

### A Conflict Inevitable.

VIENNA, Oct. 13.—The dispatch in regard to the Salonica garrison marching to the Roumelian frontier has caused great excitement here, as it is generally believed that a conflict between Turkey and Bulgaria is now inevitable.

### Perished in a Prairie Fire.

FARGO, Oct. 14.—The wife and child of Seth Staunton perished in a prairie fire, in Barnes county, on Saturday. The total losses from fire in Barnes county this season are about $100,000.

### A Royal Hirsute.

At a very early age King Humbert began to grow gray, and although he has seen but two and forty winters they have left so much of their snow upon his head that his wife, Queen Marguerite, is growing unhappy about it. Her Majesty has a woman's aversion to white hairs, and recently, "after much persuasion," induced the King to allow her to order a case of hair dyes from Paris.

The hair restorers arrived, and the next morning Her Majesty, on descending to her gardens, as usual before her *dejeuner*, was surprised to find that one of her pet dogs, a favorite white spaniel, had become of a bright apple green. In the course of her inquiries she met her husband, who at once offered an explanation. 'You see, my dear," he said, "that before trying those 'hair washes which are not dyes,' that you have so kindly procured for me, I was anxious to try their effect, and I accordingly rubbed one handful into your little dog. You see the result! To-morrow I propose to try another kind of preparation on your pet parroquet." The Queen took the hint and the dyes, and left King Humbert to grow gray in peace.

### Philipsburg Again.

O. S. Fleming, formerly of this city, but now Adams express agent at Tyrone, was hereaways yesterday looking as fresh as a full bloomed rose.

The regular letter from this place to the *Breakfast Table* was greatly missed the two weeks it missed. Keep us posted, Mr. Car.

Harry Carlisle has returned from a visit somewhere. He is again at his post in the bank.

Another newspaper man in our pleasant little city has been made happy. Well, such is life, isn't it, H——

The stable of Mr. Silas Blowers, which burned to the ground, with its contents early Sunday morning last, is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. Our fire boys got there, in good shape, but to no avail, as the alarm was not given until the structure was almost consumed.

The thirteen new brick dwelling houses under construction on corner 4th and Pine streets, will add greatly to the appearance of that part of town.

Robert Musser has placed a gas street lamp in front of his residence on Beaver and Centre Sts. Bully for you, Bob.

Miss Emma Haupt, of your place, spent a few days very pleasantly with friends over here. She is a very pleasant young lady, and no wonder John and Harry say what they do in this week's *Ledger*.

D. S. Keller and D. H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, spent part of this week with us. They are pleasant gentlemen.

They say Jo. Jo. did not accompany Barnum, but still remains in this place Eh, R?

There isn't a cleaner, neater and more newsy little paper comes to this city than the DAILY NEWS. So they all say.

J. N. Cassanova, is in the city, and is going to see that our streets are properly lighted. Mr. C. has done more for this place than any man in it and deserves great credit.

Walter Bayard, of your place, took in the city the other day. There seems to be a "load stone" or something of that sort that draws him in this direction.

New telephone poles are being put up through town.

Henry Schlieter, the famous tonsorial artist, has just returned from a protracted visit in Germany.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. d'Invilliers are off on a pleasure trip to Quaker City.

Mrs. Dr. J. P. Glenn, of Snow Shoe, is visiting Mrs. Maj. J. A. Wolfe, in this city.

The boys that congregate nightly at the post office are a perfect nuisance. Why not abate it?

H. M.—says it was entirely too dark to drive home on Monday night. Poor excuse is better than none at all, you know.

Charley Ginthurst, former bar tender at the Potter House, is suffering from a very sore foot, necessitating him to walk on crutches.

"Mose," how is the cheese question by this time? Next time don't buy wormy cheese.

Sol. Schmidt is the jolliest butcher in Philipsburg. It is as hard a job to find him in a bad humor, as it is to pull hen teeth.

Everything looks much brighter in this section for better times.

Mr. John West, more familiarly known as "Jack" has taken charge of the old Passmore Hotel, on corner of Spruce and Front streets, Mr. William Dean having vacated the same.

There is no end to the talk in regard to John Francis' fortune that he didn't get.

Rev. Cornelius, pastor of the Presbyterian church, this city, is visiting in New York City.

Harry Gns and wife have removed to their old home in Philadelphia. He was a barber for Henry Schluter.

John Huffington has gone to Philaphia.

Lon. Jones is painting in Osceola.

Another new butcher shop started in town this week. A new one starts nearly every week.

The Misses Rhisefelt are now running the confectionery formerly owned by Geo. McOmber, near the post-office.

We understand that Harry Williams parents, who reside at present in Bellefonte, will remove to this city shortly. Hope it is true.

George Flegal and family met with a slight accident while buggying the other day.

How is it anyhow Howard? Is it true or not? Speak out like a little man. Tell us, we wont tell anybody.

The banquet held at the St James Hotel on Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. Chas. Helmbold, was one of the grandest affairs of the season. We understand that Mr. H. will locate in Philadelphia.

The *Journal* man seems to have the "who is got the button?" on the brain.

John Ashcroft will open a general store at his mines, near this place in a few days.

Clarence Chapman, the champion wrestler, in this vicinity, went down to Huntingdon Thursday to try his self with another great-big over grown-wrestler.

Tom Hollis new dwelling house on Centre street, has been commenced.

SOME ONE.

—In a contest at Chicago, on Wednesday, the 14th, between the Chicago base ball nine, of the League, and the St. Louis Browns, of the American Association, eight innings were played, resulting in a tie of five runs each.

"Liberty Enlightening the World."

We learn from the American committee of the Statue of Liberty that the granite pedestal is nearly completed, and the work of erecting Bartholdi's great statue will soon commence, and for this purpose a considerable sum of money is still required. The New York *World* fund of $100,000 completes the pedestal, but it is estimated that $40,000 is yet needed to pay for the iron fastenings and the erection of the statue, and for this they rely upon subscriptions to the miniature statuetts, which are being received from all parts of the country, the committee promptly filling all orders.

The No. 1, or One Dollar Statuette, has found a place in thousands of homes; the No. 2, or Five Dollar size is fast gaining in popularity, and justly too, for it is a work of art and well worth the money.

To supply a demand for something still finer, the committee have just completed a No. 3 Statuete, finely chased by hand, and by a patent process heavily plated with silver which will not tarnish or discolor, mounted on a beautiful plush base, and furnished to subscribers at Ten Dollars each.

These souvenirs are now being delivered to all parts of the United States on receipt of subscription price.

All remittances should be addressed to Richard Butler, Secretary, 33 Mercer street, New York.

FRESH COMPLEXIONS.—If you have humors and pimples, boils and eruptions on face, hands or skin, it is because the system needs toning and purifying. Nothing will give you such good health, smoth and fresh skin and vigorous feeling as Simmons Liver Regulator, purely vegetable and not unpleasant to the taste. Take the Regulator to stimulate the liver, to cleanse the eyes and skin of yellowness, to improve digestion and to make the breath pure and sweet.

There are said to be twenty-two different causes for headache, which, strangely enough, is about the number of popular alcoholic beverages. But, of course, there is no connection.

Victims of alcohol, who have discovered your terrible mistake, you have only to let rum and tobacco alone and resort promptly to the famous Temperance Restorative, Vinegar Bitters, in order to be cured, not only of your original ailments, but of those which the *poison* you have been taking has caused. It will soon put you on your feet again.

A new guide book mentions that "the city proper is surrounded by the suburbs." Guide books occasionally stumble on a great truth, but we must insist on having the news broken gently. A sudden shock like this may be dangerous.

FITS.—All fits stopped free by *Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer*. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 17 32 1y

Clerk (to president of railroad)—"I see that a brakeman of the 3:45 freight was struck and killed by bridge No. 64 yesterday afternoon." President (abstractedly)—"Yes, I understand; was the bridge badly damaged?"

What should be the food of the brain worker? Is there any special food for the brain? Every thought and action changes into an inert phosphate, a moiety of the vital phosphite in the brain! Take Vitalized Phosphites, the true brain food. Sold by druggists

Purify your blood, tone up the system and regulate the digestive organs by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

It is a curious fact that wasps' nests often taken fire, as is supposed by the chemical action of the wax upon the material of which the nest is composed. Many of the fires of unknown origin in haystacks and farm buildings may thus be accounted for.

*Queer reading would be the history of names.* We cannot, however, go into the subject now, except so far as to say that Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" was called by that name, in an informal fashion long before the Doctor dreamed of advertising it for public use. Speaking of it he would say to his patients, "This is my favorite remedy for all troubles of the blood," &c., and its success was so great that he finally spelled the name with capital letters.

The jim-jams to the inebriate—'Shake, old boy!"

### Hay Fever Specific.

I found it a specific for Hay Fever. For ten years I have been a great sufferer from August 9th till frost. Ely's Cream Balm is the only preventive I have ever found.—Frank B. Ainsworth, of F. B. Ainsworth & Co., Publishers, Indianapolis, Ind. 17—41—4t.

*Liver, Kidney or Stomach Troubles.*—Symptoms: Impure blood, costive bowels, irregular appetite, sour belching, pains in side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad breath, no desire for work, chills, fevers, irritability, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy head, with dull pain in back part, loss of memory, foggy sight. For these troubles "SWAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box, (30 pills), by mail, 25 cts., 5 for $1. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

*Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption.*—All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections cured by the old-established "SWAYNE'S WILD-CHERRY." The first dose gives relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or $1.00, at Druggists.

*London Hair Restorer—Great English* Toilet Article. Restores growth, color, gloss, and softness. Removes Dandruff. Aristocratic families of Great Britain endorse it. Elegant dressing. Fragrantly perfumed. The favorite of fashion. At Druggists for 3s 1½d, or 75 cts. in U. S. money.


*Miscellaneous.*

# I. C. A.

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## Buggies, Carriages,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS,

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Buy direct from the manufacturer and thus secure the advantage of first prices, and of getting a superior article

*All Work Guaranteed to be Done in*

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17 10 1y

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HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES Hay Fever, Colds in Head AND CATARRH

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Send for circular.

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17 36 4t

THE

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IS THE PLACE TO CALL AT FOR FIRST-CLASS

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LOW PRICES.

POSTERS, DODGERS, WEDDING INVITATIONS, BUSINESS CARDS, TICKETS, LEGAL BLANKS.

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BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, STATEMENTS, ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS, BONDS, &c.

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We have just received an elegant assortment of WHITE BRISTOL, GILT and Beveled Edge

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Which we print for the low price of

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Now, ladies, send in your orders

Our facilities for doing work are unsurpassed. The best of skilled workmen, the latest improved presses, the largest and most varied assortment of type, both plain and ornamental, give us the means to execute ALL WORK with neatness and dispatch.

When you want your next job done give us a trial. Office in No 60 High street (near depot.)

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RELIABLE MEN to sell our goods. A full line of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, Shrubs, Grape Vines, Roses, &c. Several hundred varieties in stock. Also introducer and sole proprietor of MOORE'S DIAMOND Grape. LIBERAL TERMS TO AGENTS. J. F. LaCLARE Brighton, N. Y. 17 41 4t



*Railroads.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, October 5, 1885.

| WESTWARD | Exp A.M. | Mail P.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Lock Haven | 9 00 | 4 05 |
| Flemington | 9 05 | 4 09 |
| Mill Hall | 9 09 | 4 12 |
| Beech Creek | 9 25 | 4 28 |
| Eagleville | 9 30 | 4 33 |
| Howard | 9 44 | 4 45 |
| Mount Eagle | 9 54 | 4 53 |
| Curtin | 10 01 | 4 58 |
| Milesburg | 10 12 | 5 07 |
| Bellefonte | 10 35 | 5 20 |
| Milesburg | 10 44 | 5 30 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 10 48 | 5 35 |
| Unionville | 10 58 | 5 49 |
| Julian | 11 09 | 6 01 |
| Martha | 11 19 | 6 12 |
| Port Matilda | 11 27 | 6 21 |
| Hannah | 11 36 | 6 31 |
| Fowler | 11 39 | 6 33 |
| Dix | 11 42 | 6 36 |
| Bald Eagle | 11 48 | 6 44 |
| Vail | 11 53 | 6 49 |
| Arrive at Tyrone | 12 05 | 7 00 |

| EASTWARD | P.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Tyrone | 7 30 | 8 15 |
| East Tyrone | 7 37 | 8 17 |
| Vail | 7 40 | 8 20 |
| Bald Eagle | 7 45 | 8 25 |
| Dix | 7 50 | 8 30 |
| Fowler | 7 54 | 8 32 |
| Hannah | 7 57 | 8 36 |
| Port Matilda | 8 05 | 8 43 |
| Martha | 8 13 | 8 51 |
| Julian | 8 23 | 8 56 |
| Unionville | 8 33 | 9 10 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 8 42 | 9 18 |
| Milesburg | 8 45 | 9 22 |
| Bellefonte | 8 55 | 9 32 |
| Milesburg | 9 10 | 9 47 |
| Curtin | 9 20 | 10 01 |
| Mount Eagle | 9 25 | 10 04 |
| Howard | 9 32 | 10 11 |
| Eagleville | 9 42 | 10 21 |
| Beech Creek | 9 47 | 10 25 |
| Mill Hall | 9 58 | 10 37 |
| Flemington | 10 02 | 10 41 |
| Arrive at Lock Haven | 10 06 | 10 45 |

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after October 5, 1885.

Leaves Bellefonte 8.50 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.00 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 6.00 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, October 5 1885.

| WESTWARD. | Mixed. P. M. | Mixed A. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Scotia | 12 15 | 5 00 |
| Fairbrook | 12 40 | 5 20 |
| Penn's Furnace | 1 05 | 5 45 |
| Hostler | 1 15 | 5 50 |
| Marengo | 1 25 | 5 55 |
| Loveville f | 1 30 | 6 00 |
| Furnace Road | 1 35 | 6 10 |
| Warriors Mark | 1 55 | 6 25 |
| Pennington | 2 12 | 6 40 |
| Weston Mill f | 2 25 | 6 56 |
| L. and T. Junc | 2 31 | 6 58 |
| Tyrone | 2 35 | 6 58 |

| EASTWARD. | Mixed. P. M. | Mixed A. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Tyrone | 4 30 | 9 20 |
| L. & T. Junc | 4 34 | 9 25 |
| Weston Mill | 4 40 | 9 33 |
| Pennington | 4 55 | 9 48 |
| Warriors Mark | 5 05 | 9 58 |
| Furnace Road | 5 20 | 10 12 |
| Loverville | 5 26 | 10 16 |
| Marengo | 5 30 | 10 22 |
| Hostler | 5 40 | 10 35 |
| Penn's Furnace | 5 50 | 10 44 |
| Fairbrook | 6 05 | 11 03 |
| Scotia | 6 25 | 11 30 |

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, April 6, 1885.

| WESTWARD. | | |
|---|---|---|
| ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia | | 11 20 p m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 3 30 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | 7 25 a m |
| " " Jersey Shore | | 7 57 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 8 25 a m |
| " " Renovo | | 9 35 a m |
| arr at Erie | | 6 00 p m |
| NIAGARA EXP leaves Philadelphia | | 7 40 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 11 25 a m |
| arr. at Williamsport | | 2 35 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 3 35 p m |
| " " Renovo | | 5 05 p m |
| " " Kane | | 9 25 p m |
| Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at | | 5 20 p m |
| FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia | | 11 50 a m |
| " Harrisburg | | 3 57 p m |
| " Williamsport | | 7 20 p m |
| arr at Lock Haven | | 8 10 p m |
| " Renovo | | 9 15 p m |
| SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a | | 4 20 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 7 40 a m |
| " " W'm'sport | | 10 40 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 11 33 a m |
| " " arr. at Renovo | | 12 30 p m |

| EASTWARD. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven | | 7 00 a m |
| " " Jer'y Sh're | | 7 20 a m |
| " " W'mp't | | 8 10 a m |
| " " arr. at Harrisb'g | | 11 30 a m |
| " " " Phila'phia | | 3 15 p m |
| DAY EXP. leaves Kane | | 5 45 a m |
| " " Renovo | | 9 35 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 10 55 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | 12 15 p m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | 3 25 p m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 6 50 a m |
| ERIE MAIL leaves Erie | | 2 20 p m |
| " " Renovo | | 10 40 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 11 45 p m |
| " " Williamsport | | 1 00 a m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | 4 20 a m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 8 25 a m |
| WMPT ACN leaves Williamsport | | 3 40 p m |
| " arrives at Harrisb'g | | 10 25 p m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 4 25 a m |

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. R. & P. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. R. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

*Miscellaneous.*

WANTED RELIABLE SALESMEN

TO travel and sell to the trade our staple and celebrated Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, &c. Liberal arrangements. Salary or Commission. Address at once, NEW YORK & HAVANA CIGAR CO., 57 Broadway, New York. MENTION THIS PAPER.

17 42 4t

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair, restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1 sizes at Druggists.

17 42 4m

Wanted Canvassers FOR THE LIFE OF General Grant,

by the distinguished historian, Hon. J. T. Headley. Very liberal commission. Rapid sales. Address at once, stating experience, and territory desired. Outfit, 60 cents. H. M. WHARTON.

17 39 2m Publisher, Baltimore, Md.

Intelligent SOLICITORS WANTED for

GEN. GRANT'S OWN BOOK.

His own account of the greatest military struggle of modern times. 300,000 already ordered. Success of agents is marvelous. Address, HUBBARD BROS Pubs., 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. 17 41-4t

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To represent our beautifully illustrated family magazine. Special terms and permanent engagement given to the right party. Any smart man or woman who is willing to work and has the ability to push the magazine can secure a splendid position. Write us at once giving age, particulars of past work and territory desired. Address,

17 41 4t COTTAGE HEARTH CO., Boston, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED to canvass for the sale of our Nursery Stock. UNEQUALED facilities. One of the largest and oldest established Nurseries in the States. For terms address W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y. 17 39

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—The train on the new road was about one hour late Friday morning.

—Improvements are in progress at the residence of Wilbur F. Reeder, Esq.

—The State Convention of the W. C. T. U. will meet in Huntingdon this week.

—The floral display about the pulpit in the church is pretty and remains fresh.

—The commisioners register at the Chapel in blue ink as all bluestockings should do.

—Mrs. James Gilliland of Oak Hall is in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sechler of Linn St.

—The Altoona *Tribune* is enterprising in giving such excellent reports of the Synod now in session here.

—The Singer Sewing Machine Company's Agency is now located at Nos. 20 and 22, in the Brockerhoff House.

—The State Sunday-school convention will meet in Sunbury on Tuesday next. John Wanamaker will be present.

—The "commissioners" spent the early morning hours in walking through the town, enjoying its beauties.

—Two houses and a barn in Grabbtown, near Johnstown, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday night, the 13th, at 12 o'clock.

—The chart for the Ellis Family Bell Ringers entertainment is at John Sourbeck's where tickets can be purchased and seats reserved.

—It is probable that the admirable sermon on Sustentation delivered by Rev. Dr. Logan on Thursday will be printed and circulated in tract form.

—Mr. Moody will visit Williamsport and conduct evangelistic meetings on the 8th, 9th and 10th of November. Doubtless, many will attend from Bellefonte.

—We notice that Mr. David Butts, on Linn street, is improving his home by building an addition to his house, which when completed will enhance its value very much.

—After the adjournment of Friday morning's session of Synod the picture of that body was taken by John Moore, the commissioners standing in groups in the chapel yard.

—William Barlett, cousin of David Barlett, of this place, died of consumption at 11.20 o'clock Thursday evening. The deceased made his home with his cousin, David. He was about 38 years old. The funeral occurred last Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—Mr. W. B. Miles, the enterprising merchant of Milesburg, is now in the city, purchasing his stock of new goods. He will make his selections with great care and the people of that place and vicinity will find his store the proper place to purchase whatever they desire.

—The official inspection of the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by President Roberts, the managers and the chief executive officers of the company will commence on Monday next. The distance to be covered will be 2,447 miles, and the time consumed will be two weeks.

—At 1.20 o'clock Friday night the faithful old time-keeper on the court house, that has shown the time of day to the town for so long, somehow got an idea that it needed a rest, and so with one last struggling movement the hands refused to move, and this morning designated the hour given above.

—On Wednesday evening Mrs. Louis Haas gave a reception at her house which was considered by the many guests present quite an elaborate affair. The reception was given in honor of her son Mr. Wm. Haas, it being the attainment of his 21st birthday. Mr. Haas received many valuable and very handsome presents.

—A mistake was made by the DAILY NEWS on Thursday, in saying that the Singer sewing machine agency has been moved into the Brockerhoff House. Messrs. Branson and Frank Gilbert, the gentlemanly agents, are occupying rooms Nos. 20 and 22 in that hotel, but the agency remains at the old place on East High street.

—We acknowledge reciepts of complimentaries to the grand concert to be given by the Renovo Choral Society, in the new opera house at Renovo, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 20, to be conducted by Prof. Jean Louis, accompanied by Mr. Mark Anthony. The programme is very elaborate and consists of the very choicest selections of music.

—Rev. N. L. Colfelt, D.D., of Philadelphia, is at the home of Mr. E. C. Humes. He is a remarkable gentleman, as all must agree who heard his speech Friday evening. We imagine that he is one who, having once begun the study of a subject, never gives it up without mastering it. It is his habit to study. In speaking he does not seem to have the fact in mind that he is addressing an audience but, concentrating his attention entirely on the subject, gives expression to all the thoughts bearing thereon that are in his mind. While he may not aim at strong reasoning or argument his great knowledge and memory enable him to give multitudinous illustrations and comparisons, which are equally edifying.

## SYNOD.

### The Great Presbyterian Gathering now Meeting in this Place.

The special train which arrived from Tyrone at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon contained about sixty-four commissioners. They were escorted to the chapel on Spring street where the scene of registering them, receiving their credentials and conducting them to their houses was an animated one.

They are a very fine-looking body of gentlemen and there are many intellectually strong men among them.

At one table, busy with pens and paper, were Messrs. John T. Johnston, J. W. Gephart, Isaac Mitchell and Jno B Linn. These gentlemen assisted in directing the commissioners to their places of entertainment. Dr. T. R Hayes and Mr. Geo. Potter took charge of the register and saw that each commissioner placed his name thereon. Rev. Wm. Laurie was at every point at the same time, and illustrated his ability in the capacity of director general.

On Wednesday evening, the following members of the Synod arrived: Isaac Alcone, of Armagh, who is at Gen. Beaver's.

Misses Jane and Caroline Thompson, who are at Miss Marion Milliken's.

Mr. and Miss McClure, of Lewisburg, at E. C. Humes.

Dr. S. C. Logan and wife, of Scranton, who are at Judge Hoy's.

Mr. Chas. McCafferty, of Lawrenceville, who is at the Bush House.

A number of delegates arrived Thursday morning. They were James Roberts, of Coatesville, who goes to the Bush House.

Rev. Samuel Graham and Jos. H. Hawthorn, who are quartered with E. M. Blanchard.

J W. Speer, of Limestone, who will have his temporary home at the Brockerhoff House.

Jno. M. Campbell, of Altoona, at the Bush.

D. S. Clark, of Erie, entertained by D. F. Fortney.

Dr. Jas. Davidson, of Canton, Pa., is at J W Gephart's.

Rev Calvin Stewart, of Coleraine, went to the Bush House.

Rev D Conway, of Williamsburg, is with Hon Adam Hoy.

Reed W Anderson, of Fawn Grove, Pa., at A M Hoover's.

Judge J. A. Dille, of Morgantown, W. Va., with Rev. Wm. Laurie.

James S. Patterson, of Coleraine, at the Bush House.

Thos. Hutchinson, of Reynoldsville, Pa., with Frank McCoy.

Jno. I. Thompson, of Martha, will be entertained by James Harris.

W. N. Seibert, Esq., of New Bloomfield, Pa., is with his brother, Dr. Seibert, on High St.

Rev. J. W. VanErnan, of Cannonsburg, is a visitor, and is at the Bush House.

T. F. Patton, of Pine Grove Mills, is at the residence of Prothonotary Robt. Brett.

A M Thompson, of Philadelphia, with Rev M K Foster.

J H Holt, Snow Shoe, at Brockerhoff House.

Robert F Wallace, Port Royal, Pa., at Jno F Potter's.

W H Logan, Millerstown, Dr J W Rhone.

Peter Ritner, Mt Rock, John Ardell, Jr.

Rev John S Atkinson, Sauversville, Isaac Mitchell.

Rev John W Barnett, Washington, at F E Bible.

Rev D S Miller, Johnstown, with Jno P Harris.

Joseph T Gibson, Sharpsburg, with Miss Morrow at Miss McCalmont's.

Rev J D Walkingshaw, Wellsburg, W Va., with J Calvin Weaver.

Rev J V Stockton, Mercer, with Rev J A Woodcock.

Rev J E Andrews, West Elizabeth, at Jos A Rankin's.

L C Eakman, Commaugh, with A N Hoover.

Rev Aaron M Buchanan, Clinton, with W R Teller at Bush House.

Henry A Breed, Pittsburg, at Bush House.

Rev Thos D Logan, Meadville, with Chas F Cook.

Rev. D H Sloan, Leechburg, with Samuel Shaffer.

Rev. J B Reed, Fairmount, W. Va., at Brockerhoff House.

Samuel T Stapleton, Parkersburg, W. Va., Mr William H Humes.

Milton McCuskey, Cameron, W. Va., at James A Rankin's.

R E Laird, Ebenezer, Indiana county, James Schofield.

Frank Bunt, Mannington, W. Va., with A J Cook.

Thos P Cochran, Millerstoum, at Chas F Cook's.

Rev Henry Woods, Washington, at Jas L Sommerville's.

Rev A F Walker, Tarentown, Wm H Humes.

John Miller, Allegheny, Wm Shortlidge.

H H Clark, Toledo, Washington county, J W Gephart.

W A C Linn, Purgettstown, with John B Linn.

Rev George Elliott, Newton Hamilton, with John B Linn.

Robert Parks, Leechburg, Jas L Sommerville.

Rev T M Thompson, Freeport, at Samuel Shaffer's.

THE THURSDAY EVENING MEETING.

At 7.30 o'clock on Thursday evening the auditorium of the Presbyterian church was comfortably filled. The devotional service began with a brief invocation to the throne of grace and the singing of hymn No. 575, "I love Thy kingdom, Lord." The reading of the 4th chapter of II Corinthians was followed by fervent prayer. Hymn No. 585 was then rendered.

The moderator, Rev. Dr. Logan, of Scranton, announced his text, I Corinthians 9:14, "Even so hath the Lord ordained that they which preach the Gospel should live of the Gospel."

He extolled the position and influence of the church, comparing the influence of the Christian sanctuary to the effect of Nile on the land of Egypt; without it our land would be as the desert. Even the character of a community is molded and formed by the faithful minister. After showing the great sacrifice which the ministry requires, the speaker announced his theme—"The law of Christ touching the support of the ministry." He said that his text contained one of the most succint declarations of that law contained in the Scriptures.

The universal law is that labor requires payment—even that of the soldier. The labor performed by the brute has its reward. The claim of the laborer to his reward is just. It is universally recognized that those who serve at the altar shall live by the altar, and this is the law and Gospel. Who are to live of the Gospel? Not all those who are Christians. Not the poor, for they shall receive charity. Although all are equal, the house of God is not a house of communism. Only those who *preach* the Gospel shall live by it.

What various constructions are given to that word "live!" Some regard it as the proper antithesis of "die," and lead but a struggling existence. Such persons consider poverty the best qualification for the ministry. They are right who say that it means enough of the decencies and conveniences of life, although as to what the conveniencies may be no congregation will agree upon.

Ministers should draw support in proportion to their services. Every church which properly supports a minister works for the Lord, and those who deprive him of a living deprive themselves of a blessing.

In answer as to how long and under what circumstances this support should be given, the speaker said it should be as long as he preaches the Gospel.

He praised the Presbyterian church in America for its effort to support an able and educated ministry entirely by voluntary subscriptions. The church rolls show the names of 5470 ministers and 30,000 elders. Who shall measure them to the world?

The subject of the support of the Gospel ministry has been suffered to take care of itself. The responsibility for this rests not so much on the church which the minister may serve, as on the church at large for neglect in preaching and enforcing this Gospel rule. The speaker described the condition of the young minister who finds himself equipped for his work, as he goes about exhibiting his ability to preach, his clothes, etc., when he becomes a candidate for a pastorate. It was a sermon calculated to impress all with the conviction that the minister should be made independent so far as his material needs are concerned. Dr. Logan spoke with earnestness and power, and at times with eloquence.

The devotions were concluded with the singing of hymn 589.

REV. D. A. CUNNINGHAM, D.D., ELECTED MODERATOR.

The moderator changed his position to that in front of the pulpit, calling the Synod of Pennsylvania to order, and uttering a brief prayer.

The roll was called, each commissioner answering to his name. Rev. W. G. White and Mr. Webster were elected clerks and nominations for moderator were declared to be in order. Rev. J. L. Leeper, of Washington Presbytery, first obtained the floor and in a few very strong remarks, nominated Rev. D. A. Cunningham, of Wheeling, W. Va. Revs. Robert M. Patterson, of the Presbytery of Chester, and S. J. M. Eaton, D.D., of the Presbytery of Erie, were placed in nomination. Dr. Patterson requested that his name be withdrawn, and his request was granted. A ballot being taken, Dr. Cunningham was elected by a vote of 108 to 47. Two gentlemen then conducted the moderator-elect to the chair, and Dr. Logan transferred the gavel to him. The new moderator appropriately addressed the assembly.

The programme of the Synod proceedings was read by Rev. Wm. Laurie and adopted. It provides that the hours of meeting be from 9 to 12 a. m., from 2 to 5 p. m. and from 7½ to adjournment.

THE SESSION OF FRIDAY MORNING.

The sky was almost cloudless this morning and the sun was radiantly bright. The commissioners seemed to hesitate about entering the church, but stood about in groups greeting each face familiar to them with smiles and pleasant words, and making new acquaintances.

The moderator gave one tap on the table with his gavel and invoked the divine blessing. The minutes of Thursday evening's sessions were read.

The moderator read the standing committees of Synod as follows:

*Judicial Committee*—Revs S J M Eaton, D. D., R M Patterson, D. D., William R Bigham, D. D., D H Sloan, W A West, John P Kennedy, Elders Stephen Torrey, Hon Cyrus Pershing, Samuel T Stepleton.

*Bills and Overtures*—Revs S C Logan, D. D., Philip R. Mowry, D. D., Calvin Stewart, Daniel W Townsend, Joseph H Gibson, Thomas D Logan, Elders George W Stewart, Jr., Henry A Breed, James F Gayley.

*Narrative of the State of Religion* (for next year)—David H Barron, D. D. Alternate, Rev J L Russell.

*Leave of Absence*—Revs Robert F Wilson, A F Walker, J B Reed, Lawrence Miller, Elders James S Patterson, Milton McCaskey, William C Lawson.

*Finance and Treasurer's Account*—Elders Samuel Fields, William G Johnston, Charles C Townsend.

*The Minutes of the General Assembly*—Revs Stuart Mitchell, A Wilson, D M Miller, John L Atkinson, Elders Edwin Mickley, S M Kerr, Thomas F Patton.

*On Records of Presbyteries*—Allegheny—Revs. James D Wilkinson, Samuel Graham, Elder Reed W Anderson.

*Blairsville*—Revs. James H Stewart, G S Campbell, Elder, W S Giffin.

*Butler*—Revs. C C Dickey, G W Cox, Elder John K Palson.

*Carlisle*—Revs. W P White, James A Little, Elder George H Stuart, Jr.

*Chester*—Revs. Thomas D Logan, E G McKinley, Elder John F Anderson.

*Clarion*—Revs. Wm R Moore, Joseph E Anderson. Elder John Way.

*Erie*—Revs. William A West, G H Nimmo. Elder John Miller.

*Huntingdon*—Revs David R Kerr, C C Dickey, Elder W F Hough.

*Kittaning*—Revs Andrew Dinsmore, James W Boal, Elder John F Anderson.

*Lackawanna*—Revs Frank P Britt, Samuel C Alexander, Elder Robert V Glover.

*Lehigh*—Revs Charles Collins, A Frank Walker, Elder Isaac A Alcorn.

*Northumberland*—Rev David Conroy, Elder John S King.

*Philadelphia*—Rev J T Gibson, Austin H Jolly, Elder H B Black.

*Philadelphia* (Central)—Revs William Laurie, Samuel C Alexander, Elder John Miller.

*Philadelphia* (North)—Revs John P Hudson, Archibald T Stewart, Elder Robert V Glover.

*Pittsburg*—Revs Jacob Best, W K Foster, Elder A J Jamison.

*Redstone*—Revs Wm M Paden, James W Boal, Elder Robert H Hinckley.

*Shenango*—Revs Robert Graham, Irwin P McCurdy, Elder J F Gagley, M D.

*Washington*—Revs Perrin Baker, A Dinsmore, Elder Reed W Anderson.

*Wellsboro*—Rev James L Leeper, Geo W Cox, Elder Henry A Breed.

*Western Africa*—Revs Robert T Stewart, H K Ness, Elder A D Lundey.

*Westminster*—Revs Philander Camp, M C Bailey, Elder Clouds.

*Lacatecas*—Revs Wm R Moore, John R Helm, Elder S M Kerr

*West Virginia*—Rev D W Townsend, Rev Buchanan, Elder John Clouds.

*Home Missions and Sustentation*—Revs Lawrence M Colfelt, J L Leeper, Joseph M Duff, M C Bailey, W M Pader, Elders John Way, A S Hull, Frank Burt.

*Foreign Missions*—Revs Henry E Niles, Richard Lee, John Edgar, Joseph E Andrews, Elders Robert E Leard, A P Tutton, Thomas P Cochran.

*Education*—Revs Henry Woods, Cornelius Wycoff, Horace G Miller, Lycargus Mechlin, Elders J R Simpson, D S Clark, John A Park.

*Publication*—Revs M Wallace, A Buchaman, David Conway, Elders J H Holt, Thomas Hutchinson, James A Aiken.

*Church Erection*—Revs N G Parke, E G McKinley, Perin Baker, G H Nimmo, Elders Reed W Anderson, John K Ralston, A D Lundey.

*Relief Fund*—Revs Orr Lawson, Philander Camp, George Elliott, Elders John C Crawford, John Sward, W S Griffin.

*Freedmen*—Revs. J N Hayes, S C Alexander, Samuel Graham, Samuel J Milliken, Elders A M Thompson, Wm C Lawson, A G Hull.

*Board of Aid for College and Academies*—Revs. John M Barnett, John V Stockton, David R Kerr, John S Helm. Elders Calvin Parsons, H M Gordon, Charles McCafferty.

*Systematic Beneficience*—Revs. H. T. McClelland, W. H. Ness, W K Foster, J Vernon Bell. Elders Isaac Alcorn, P Harbison, E L Ellithorpe.

*Sabbath Schools*—Revs. Wm B Green, George H Stuart Campbell, George W Cox, Green M Kerr. Elders W. A. P Linn, John Clouds, Thomas Howard.

*Temperance*—Revs. Francis J Collies, Rev. Frank R Britt, James A Little, Wm. R Moore. Elders W M Seibert, G W Speer, John S King.

Business of a miscellaeous character occupied the attention of Synod after the announcement of committees and before adjournment. Rev Dr A P Happer, who has been for forty years a missionary in China, addressed Synod.

The morning session closed with prayer by Rev Dr Hayes, of Pittsburg.

When the Synod of Pennsylvania assembled on Friday afternoon the first item of business was the appointment of a committee of five on place of next meeting.

Rev. Dr. White opened a discussion concerning recommendations in regard to the report on Sustentation, and Home Missions.

Rev. Dr. Parke was requested to speak on the subject, he being especially interested. He asserted that the ministers of the church are often not adequately paid, and there is no plan in the Presbyterian church of America to aid them. It may be said, Why do they not ask for relief if they are suffering? It is because they would rather suffer and hold their peace. Sometimes the sufferers write letters stating their complaints. It is questionable taste to publish such letters, and it is a shame that the Presbyterian church must resort to such a measure. He compared such a mode of obtaining relief to the old cider mill process of pressing out cider.

The glory of the old Scotch church is its Sustentation, and it is our shame that we cannot devise and carry out a proper scheme. Dr. Parke was quite eloquent and strong in his remarks. He said that his speech was an effort to "free his mind."

Dr. Stewart, who is at the head of the Home Mission work, followed in remarks on the same subject. He said that he personally knows very able ministers who have labored all year for $180. The Scriptural idea is that the strong should aid in bearing the burdens of the week. It will require about $125,000 to place a pastor in each one of the churches of Pennsylvania, or a minimum salary of $800 annually. Suppose a man who can work out this scheme successfully be employed at a salary of $2,000 or $3,000 will it not be an economical expenditure?

Rev. J. Gibson advocated a scheme of Presbyterial instead of Synodical sustentation, because the members of Presbytery know better than the Board of Sustentation the local wants.

One other member discussed the subject, when Dr. Kendall, Secretary of the Board of Home Missions, was called to the floor. He explained the view that is entertained of the work at the headquarters in New York City. The Board now pays $20,000 to Pennsylvania; the new plan would result in raising a much greater amount of money. Dr. Kendall was asked one or two questions regarding his position in regard to the question, and his replies were quite amusing and characteristic. A general discussion was engaged in. A resolution providing that the work of Sustentation separated from that of Home Missions was, on motion, made the first order of the day on Saturday. The following is the resolution. It was offered by Dr. Logan:

*Resolved*, That the General Assembly be earnestly and respectfully requested to place its scheme of Sustentation distinctly before the church upon its merits, and separate it from all entanglements with the great work of Home Missions.

2. That the Presbyteries constituting this Synod be requested to take immediate charge of the whole work of Sustentation and Home Missions within their bounds, and they be urged to press upon our churches the necessity of the principles of Sustentation recommended by this Synod.

3. That in this action the Synod must be understood as not in any wise diminishing or delaying the duty of our ministers and churches in the great work of Home Missions. The Synod, in taking this action, is moved by the desire to make both the work of Home Missions and that of Sustentation as adopted by the Assembly, more efficient in this Synod.

At 3:30 o'clock the subject of Ministerial Relief was opened by Dr. Niles. Two hundred thousand dollars received by the board would suffice to meet all urgent cases. That would be but an average of $10 from each one of the 20,000 elders. Dr. Knox, President of Lafayette College, was invited to speak and responded. He believes that the reason more money is not raised for Ministerial Relief is because the subject is not presented from the pulpit. Dr. Logan, who next spoke, referred to the fact that among some of the earliest collections taken for the cause of Ministerial Relief were those in the churches of which Drs. Knox and Niles, respectfully, were pastors. His aim was to have the elders take up the work and carry it through. General Beaver spoke earnestly on the same subject and was followed by Mr. John Miller and Mr. Stanley, the latter suggesting that an elder's meeting be held. On motion, Gen. Beaver, and Messrs. Samuel Fields and John Miller were appointed a committee to make an arrangement for a popular meeting on the subject.

General Beaver closed the afternoon session with prayer.

[Continued on 8th page.

—The following sentence is from a Lock Haven paper: "A Bellefonte man who was in this city last night on a spree, said he always came to Lock Haven to get drunk, but never drank anything when at home." We are glad our fellow citizen is too self-respecting to get drunk at home. Can any Lock Havenites say as much?

*Miscellaneous.*

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*Miscellaneous.*

[From the Indianapolis Times.]

# AN INTERESTING LETTER

From Mr. Harry Olmstead, Proofreader of "The Times."

The following letter is encouraging and worthy careful perusal, coming, as it does, from so reliable a source, unsolicited. It contains facts of great value:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 12, 1884.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY, *Rondout, N. Y.:*

DEAR SIR:—For ten years I have been a sufferer from a disease of the kidneys, at times so much so as to make life a burden. During this time several of the best physicians in Indiana have treated me with little or no success, until I had almost despaired of relief. I then tried several advertised remedies, but nothing produced the desired result until a friend who had been relieved induced me to give DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY a trial. I did so. After taking one bottle I began to experience relief. I took another and was charmed with the result. In all I have taken four bottles, and can truly say I feel like a new man. I am confident I am entirely cured, as it has been several months since I took the last medicine and there is no indication of a return of the disease. I have recommended your remedy to several suffering friends who have also been relieved. I write this to return my sincere thanks to you for the cure which has been effected in my case, and also desire to say that I think suffering humanity owes you a debt of gratitude for your wonderful scientific discovery. I shall do all that in me lies to let all suffering know where they may find relief and thereby in some measure remunerate you for the good you have done me.

Wishing you long life and prosperity, and thanking you for prolonging my life, I am

HARRY W. OLMSTEAD.

DR. KENNEDY, OF RONDOUT, N. Y., assures the public by a reputation which he cannot afford to imperil that the "Favorite Remedy" does invigorate the blood, cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder complaints, as well as those diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females. Your druggist has it; if not, send One Dollar to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y. 17 36 1y

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**Bellefonte Republican.**

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - - Editor

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# Local Department.

—Mrs. John G. Love returned home from Lock Haven on Saturday morning.

—The churches were well filled on Sunday, especially the Presbyterian and Methodist.

—The band played delightfully on Saturday evening, attracting the people to the Rink.

—Acorns seem to be very plenty this fall, and we hear of farmers gathering them to fatten their hogs.

—Mr. Jas. McSully is now at his home on Logan street, having arrived from Altoona on Saturday last.

—Misses Nannie and Mary Newell, who have been visiting in Clarion county, arrived home on Saturday last.

—Miss Anna O. Turnbull, of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, is sojourning at the home of Mr. F. C. Montgomery, on Lamb street.

—Mrs. Thomas Newell went, on Saturday, to Lewistown to join her husband, who has been employed there for some time past.

—A committee representing the survivors of the 10th Regt, Penn'a Vols, met on the Gettysburg battlefield on Tuesday.

—It was Mr. Sol. Goldsmith who started on Monday afternoon for Philadelphia to purchase goods. Look out for him and them.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nolan and child, of Washington, D. C., are visiting at the home of S. A. Drew. Mr. Nolan is a clerk in the War Department.

—Masters Jay and Lee Woodcock departed for the country Monday morning, where they expect to enjoy themselves indulging in a few days hunt.

—A game of base ball in this place on Saturday, between Bellefonte and Bealsburg nines, resulted in an easy victory for the home nine. Score, 28 to 15.

—Mr. W. E. Hamer, of Vail, Pa., has recovered sufficiently from his recent illness to be around again, and has resumed his place at the lightning table at that place.

—Misses Carrie and Suly Bayard, daughters of Capt. Geo. A. Bayard, of Spring street, arrived home on Saturday from Canton, Ohio, where they were visiting relatives.

—Boggs township claims to have the largest pumpkin, the weight of which is 167 lbs and the measurement in circumference 6 feet, 4½ inches, raised by Emanuel Schroyer.

—Dr. E. W. Hale and daughter returned Monday evening from Europe, where they have been sojourning for about five months—they having gone there about April or May.

—We are sorry to learn that Mr. James Curtin was so unfortunate as to have a cow burned up in the barn owned by D. C. Keller, at Centre Hall, on Monday morning.

—An exchange says that there are thousands of bushels of apples in Northern Pennsylvania that can be purchased for ten cents a bushel, to be picked by the buyers.

—Tickets for the Bell Ringers Concert, which will exhibit in Humes' Hall on the eve of the 24th, can be had of members of the Post. Reserved seat tickets for sale at Sourbeck's.

—If you see a large family Bible lying on the centre-table in your neighbor's front parlor, do not jump at the conclusion that the family is religious, but open it and count the number of ferns that are being pressed.

—The large stable, two horses and three cows belonging to D. C. Keller at Centre Hall were entirely destroyed by fire between 1 and 2 o'clock Monday morning. The origin of the fire is not known. The property was insured.

—We are pleased to learn that Dwight L. Moody, the greatest of evangelists, will spend two days of next month in Bellefonte. He comes here on request of representatives of about all the religious denominations of the town.

—The new bank barn owned by Martin Daily, near Snow Shoe Intersection, was burned to the ground on Friday night last. This is the second time, within two years, that a barn has been burned on this same spot. Loss about $1500.

—Decatur Wells, the Renovo postoffice defaulter, has gone to Canada to spend the Winter. He departed hastily, and expresses the very natural and universal opinion that Canadian climate will not be as hot for him as Renovo climate would have been.

—Two gay young couple of Philipsburg, Mr. Harry Williams, editor of the Philipsburg *Ledger*, Mr. H. K. Grant, and the Misses Kate and Maggie Switzer, drove to Snow Shoe Sunday morning, where they put up for the day at that famous and popular hotel—the Mountain house. The party departed this morning for Philipsburg, via. Karthaus and Kylertown, where we trust they will arrive all ecstacy over their journey.

## SYNOD IN SESSION.

### Ministerial Relief, Sustentation, the Bohemian Church, Etc.—Eloquent Sermons on Sunday.

FRIDAY EVENING SESSION.

The large audience room of the church was filled Friday evening. In the pulpit was placed a very large map of the "Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church." The choir opened the services with a superbly rendered voluntary.

The moderator called on Prof. Woods, of Washington and Jefferson College, to lead in prayer. Rev. Dr. Henry C. Kendall, of New York, Secretary of the Board of Home Missions, was the first speaker. In vivid language he illustrated the vast field of growth reaching from British Columbia south through Dakota, Nebraska and Texas, a stretch of land unbroken by lake or mountain, and scarcely equalled for vastness and productiveness in the world. Indeed, he displayed wonderful familiarity with all portions of the vast West and his remarks contained as much information in regard to that undeveloped land as any lecture could. The interest of the people of the East in that country is intense because all have friends or relatives there. There are sections of country filling up at the rate of a thousand a week where are no preachers of any denomination. In sending missionaries to that country and saving the souls of the people, we will, perhaps, save our own souls. He appealed for generous appropriations to defray the debt now burdening the Board. He gave very encouraging information in regard to the effect of Christian work among Mormons. Among the young people of that faith the effect of Christianity has been to make many of them vow that they will be married to only one person at the same time, and polygamy is left largely to the older sinners.

A hymn was rendered by the choir and congregation.

Rev. L. N. Colfelt, D. D., of Philadelphia, on the subject of *Foreign* Missions, delivered an address of scholarly power and eloquence, proving beyond contradiction that the preponderance of power and influence is passing into the hands of the Christian Anglo-Saxon and Americans, the most pacific of people. Thus, will dawn the reign of conscience and of the Christ. His was the most intellectual talk, thus far, of the Synod. Dr. Colfelt seems to be a deep student and his addresses evidence this. He said that the missionary concerts in his own church are always well attended and interesting because he takes up a subject which has a living interest about it and involves present and past history. If all the reverend Doctor's addresses are so capital as this we do not wonder at the interest of his meetings.

Rev. S. C. Logan, D. D., made a concluding address on Foreign Missions. The Doctor is always excellent. Before closing he offered a resolution endorsing the project of Rev. A. P. Happer, D. D., in endowing a training school in China, which was unanimously adopted.

After singing a hymn Synod adjourned with prayer by Rev. H. G. McClelland, of Philadelphia.

SATURDAY MORNING.

The moderator called the Synod to order and made a brief prayer. The secretary read the roll of Friday's Synod. The moderator named the committee of Synod on the celebration of Presbyterianism in the United States. The judicial committee submitted a report which was approved.

Letters from Rev. Dr. T. W. J. Wylie, of Philadelphia, and his elder, James Grant, explaining their absence were read.

The substitute resolution on Sustentation, reported on Friday, was read by the clerk, and Dr. S. C. Logan arose to explain the reason of its introduction. He said the scheme recently adopted was a failure. The difficulties of it were dwelt upon at length.

Rev. Dr. R. M. Patterson combatted Dr. Logan's assertion that the present scheme is a failure, and read from the reports to enforce his remarks. He offered an amendment which was not seconded and Rev. Dr. Colfelt also offered an amendment which was seconded and discussed at considerable length. The remarks became very animated.

Dr. Stewart further complicated matters by moving the recommittal of the question to the committee and the enlargement of the committee. Rev. Wm. Laurie, of Bellefonte, Rev. S. C. Logan, of Meadville and Dr. Colfelt, of Philadelphia, opposed recommittal. (Dr. Colfelt discusses every question in a very elegant manner.) The question of recommittal was lost, a standing vote being called for.

The amendment of Rev. Dr. Colfelt was to eliminate from the resolution the words "and Home Missions," and substitute the words "after obtaining the approval of the Presbyteries." The time for devotional exercises having arrived, the further discussion was postponed.

The half hour of devotional exercises ended the morning session of Synod.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock a popular meeting will be held in the church, the subject of which will be Ministerial Relief.

This evening a popular meeting of only one hour's duration will be held. The subject of the needs of the Bohemian church are then to be considered. After that the meeting will adjourn to the chapel, for a social gathering, which will last until "a reasonable bedtime."

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

On Saturday afternoon the Synod's Committee on Ministerial Relief offered a report through its chairman, Rev. Orr Lawson. The report states that the number on the roll of the Board of Relief for disabled ministers and the widows and orphans of deceased ministers, on April 1, 1885, was—ministers, 204, widows 279, orphans 33—total 516. The number of persons included in these families is more than 2,000.

Fifty are new applicants, viz., 29 ministers, 19 widows and 2 orphan families.

The beneficiaries of the fund are under the care of 161 Presbyteries.

The total receipts of the Board for the last year were only 105,122, while for the year ending April, 1884, the receipts were $148,000. A fact to be emphasized, but to be spoken with shame.

The total number of contributing churches is 2911, while 3383 gave nothing. The Synod of Pennsylvania contributed $18,315.63.

The Presbyteries contributing in the highest ratio per communicant are—

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg, | 42 | cts. | per | church | member. |
| Phila.(north), | 31 | " | " | " | " |
| Philadelphia, | 27 | " | " | " | " |
| Carlisle, | 26 | " | " | " | " |
| Lackawanna, | 23 | " | " | " | " |
| Lehigh, | 19 | " | " | " | " |
| Westminster | 19 | " | " | " | " |

All other Presbyteries fell below this ratio.

The report contained the following resolutions, which the committee recommended that Synod adopt:

1*st*, *Resolved*. That the Synod notes with the highest gratification the zeal of the brethren of the Board of Relief, and of the officers of the Board, and pledges itself to stand by them in their efforts to accomplish fully the great work committed to them.

2*d*, *Resolved*. That Synod notes with pleasure and confident expectation of large results, the lively interest awakened since the last General Assembly among the Ruling Elders in our churches.

3*d*, *Resolved*. That we urge upon all our pastors to lay aside the false modesty in presenting to the people of God the claims of this cause, and to give it that prominence among the objects of benefice which it merits; and that they press its claims upon those whose duty it is to minister in temporal things unto those who have ministered to them in spiritual things.

And that pastors and sessions in this Synod be enjoined to take up a contributions at least once a year, for this object, as an act of justice, without which, as individuals and churches, we cannot expect the full measure of the blessings promised to those who bring all the tithes into the store house.

At 3 o'clock the elders took charge of the meeting, with Gen. Beaver in the chair. He announced hymn 905. Prayer was made by Rev. Dr. Wallace. Rev. Dr. Niles was called on for an address and responded briefly. He was followed by Robert H. Hinckley, of Philadelphia, a ruling elder. Mr. Hinckley drew some conclusions on the subject from the beautiful spring, which he had visited. He did not forget to observe, however, that the surroundings of the spring are not very attractive. The next speaker was Hon. A. D Tutton, of Chester county.

Hymn 597 was sung.

Hon. Cyrus Pershing made practical suggestions on the subject, and the elders addressed themselves to the duty of raising money for this object among themselves.

AN ADDRESS ON THE BOHEMIAN CHURCH.

The church was full again in the evening, the attraction being an address on the Bohemian church, by Rev. Dr. W. P. Breed, of Spruce St. church, Philadelphia, who is the chairman of the American committee of the Presbyterian Alliance on Work on the European Continent. He also spoke of the country, its people and their relations with England. Perhaps the darkest page of Bohemian history is that of her martyrdom of Christians. An interesting relic (the custom house officers say it is not an antiquity)—a sword of a peculiar flat shape—was displayed, on which are twenty-four names, said to be those whose heads had been severed from the body by it. Twenty-seven, in all, were beheaded by the cruel instrument which one almost shudders to look at. The execution occurred in Prague, in the Grosse Ring in front of the Tienkirche, on June 21, 1621, at 5 o'clock a. m. To raise money for Bohemian missions the Doctor sells photographs of the sword, scabbard and a cup which was found in the grave with the body of a Bohemian saint. The handle of the sword has engraved on it the initials "C. M.," which are said to stand for Caspor Mydler, the executioner. It is doubtless genuine. Rev. Mr. Crittenden, of this place, called on Dr. Breed to give full particulars of how he came into possession of it, etc., and the Doctor not only did that, but also invited anyone who desired to test its use as an instrument of execution to come forward and put his head on the block.

The members of Synod and their friends spent several hours in social intercourse in the chapel.

MONDAY MORNING'S SESSION.

Almost hopeless confusion seemed to exist in the minds of some, this morning, regarding the exact status in which Dr. Logan's substitute and Dr. Colfelt's amendment thereto would leave the scheme of sustentation. Dr. Colfelt read his amendment *seven* times, and as that number is a perfect one, it succeeded in beautifully clearing the mind of Synod. A speech by Dr. Colfelt was a *humorous* feature of a brief discussion on the subject.

Rev. N. G. Kerr, of Mercer, in the Erie Presbytery, had a separate scheme to put before Synod. It was a long one and we wont say anything about its merits.

At 10 o'clock Rev. Dr. J. N. Hayes, of Allegheny, read the report on Freedmen The report was received. Rev. H. G. McClelland, of Pittsburg, was especially requested to represent the Board on this subject. He traveled through the South a few months ago and gave very valuable information, which he gleaned during that trip.

Dr. S. C. Logan, on the same topic, believes that in every State of the South there should be colleges for the education of colored men. The report was finally adopted.

Rev. Jno. M. Burnett, of Washington, chairman of the committee on Aid to Colleges, read the report of that committee. In commenting on the report, the chairman said that he did not think the importance of the work could be overestimated. Other denominations maintained their schools, and help them in doing so often receive the money of Presbyterians. While it is always right to be charitable, it is eminently proper that Presbyterians shall first help their own educational institutions.

Dr. Logan, of Carlisle Presbytery, spoke in behalf of Wilson College, at Chambersburg. He said that what is wanted is not only to make that institution a Seminary, but a college of the highest grade—such as Vassar. He knows of no field, now undeveloped, that is so promising as these young ladies schools. No power is more productive of good to the church than the power of educated women.

The Narrative on the State of Religion, read before the close of the morning session by Rev. David H. Barron, D. D., showed a healthful condition of the church. The revival seasons have not, however, been as numerous or fruitful as is generally expected in years of financial depression. The prospects for the future are very bright.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.

Rev. Mr. Gibson, of Pittsburg, opened the Monday afternoon session of Synod with prayer. On motion, the subject of temperance, which was to have come up first in the afternoon, was postponed until evening, and the unfinished business on Sustentation was resumed.

Dr. Colfelt's amendment was adopted unanimously.

On motion, the Synod decided to consider the resolutions *seriatim*.

The first resolution was, on motion, laid on the table, a rising vote being called for.

The Synod permitted the words "after the adoption of *two-thirds* of the Presbyteries" to be inserted; and the resolution, as thus amended, was adopted by a large majority of the Synod. This virtually settled the very important question of Synodical Sustentation, and disentangles the work of Sustentation from that of Home Missions.

The question was then, after various motions were considered, recommitted to a committee enlarged to the extent of appointing on the committee, one member from each of the Presbyteries not now represented. The committee was instructed to report at the evening session, a plan which is to be sent down to the Presbyteries.

Rev. Dr. Wallace read the report of the committee on Board of Publication. It contained an item to the effect that 10,000,000 pages of tracts and periodicals had been distributed by the Board. The report was accepted without discussion.

The introduction of the reports of the Records of the Presbyteries, threatened to be a proceeding of interminable length.

The first Presbytery, Allegheny, reported through Mr. Walkinshaw, who said that all the records had been examined and were neat, legible and without exception.

Presbytery of Chester reported. A knotty question was introduced by an exception in the report regarding the action of Presbytery in rescinding a former action after the Synod had approved of it. The exception was, on motion, stricken out and the report adopted.

The Blairsville Presbytery then reported through Mr. Stewart, an elder. The Presbytery was accused by a commissioner of "ecclesiastical know-nothingism".

The report was adopted, including the exceptions, which have reference to a rule governing the admission of ministers into that Presbytery and their election as representatives in Synod. The rule prescribed a residence of a certain time within the bounds of the Presbytery, which rule is now rescinded.

Carlisle Presbytery reported the Records all correct, and the report was accepted.

The committee on the place of next meeting reported in favor of the Central Church in Allegheny, where the Synod will go to eat chicken next year.

HARD WORK AT NIGHT.

With a patience which was truly quite sublime the Synod returned, after eating supper, to the work of hearing and considering the records of Presbyteries.

Clarion Presbytery came first. "They are accurately and beautifully kept" were the words of the committee's report. Erie Presbytery was about the same. Huntingdon Presbytery was not reported. Kitanning and Lackawanna came in for a similar encouraging commendation; but the adjective "voluminous" was applied to Lehigh. When Mexico was called all was silent. The records of that Presbytery have probably not yet reached here. Northumberland, Philadelphia (north), Philadelphia Central, Pittsburg, Redstone, Shenago, Washington, Wellsboro and West Africa were reported and all was satisfactory. But when West Virginia was reached that committee, which is evidently more particular and exact than many others, reported an exception owing to the fact that no statistical report accompanied it.

"But the same is true of most of the other records which you have accepted," said a West Virginia commissioner, "and we don't want you to make flesh of others and fish of us."

The Synod was too magnanimous to reprove the erring Presbytery that confessed, overruled the objection and afterwards, on motion of Dr. Niles, made it a rule to henceforth incorporate a statistical report as part of the Presbyterial minutes.

Westminster was, we believe, the next and last Presbytery reporting and it was received.

Then came the order of business, which quite a large congregation had assembled to hear, viz., the report of the committee on temperance, given by Rev. T. J. Collier, of Downingtown, the chairman. It was much like the modern temperance lecture.

Alcohol is now said to be a poison and should be labeled with the skull and cross bones. Social Science and Political Economy are each used to throw light on its pernicious influences. The liquor bill of the Nation is $700,000,000, which is $200,000,000 less than the estimate of the temperance societies, and thus conservative enough for Synod to adopt. Twenty thousand barrooms exist within the bounds of Synod. The remedy for these are Constitutional Prohibition and High License. But many objections are urged to the latter.

The new law providing for the study of physiology and hygiene in the schools is expected to work beneficent results. But even in that the liquor league is employed in putting its own text books, which teach but little in regard to the effect of narcotics, into the schools.

As an example of the way this liquor league operates, Indiana county was instanced, where Judge Harry White refused all applicants for license, but in the county town one individual continues to sell, on the ground that the Judge had no right to refuse all. Although the man now in the business has been fined he continues undaunted.

"Impropriety" was the word used to designate the conduct of those who sign applications for license, or rent property to liquor dealers. The W. C. T. U. came in for several compliments.

The report was adopted and in an address Rev. Collier distinguished between constitutional prohibition and mere prohibition, saying that he wants it not only in the law, but also in the constitution.

Rev. Dr. Parke, took only one exception to the report, and that was the call for a yearly temperance meeting, when the proper place for an expression of temperance sentiment should be in the regular meetings of Presbytery. When all were assured, however, that the recommendation was in accord with recommendations of the General Assembly, the report was passed without a dissenting voice.

When the tremendous work to be done in sending light to the heathen world is considered the vastness of the undertaking is appalling, but the Foreign Missions go steadily on. There was not much cause for congratulation, but great incentive for stronger effort In the report read by Rev. Dr. Niles. Five or six of the Presbyteries have increased their contributions, Pittsburg Presbytery standing at the head and East Liberty church taking the lead with contributions of more than $9 per member. A debt burdens the board and owing to a decrease in the amount of legacies, the real increase of receipts was only $2000 over former years. The report was adopted, and two speeches were made on the subject. Rev. Dr. Logan asked to add a minute to the report concerning the life-long services of the recently deceased Rev. David Irving.

Rev. Dr. Lee, of Pittsburg, who is a small, gentle, white-haired old gentleman, evidently of very devout, child-like piety, read a tribute to the memory of the late Rev. Dr. Samuel C. Jennings, whose funeral took place only on Wednesday, the 13th.

Rev. Dr. Woods read a report on the Educational Work within the bounds of Synod. Adopted.

Synodical Sustentation was spoken of for perhaps the last time in this meeting of Synod, when the committee on that subject reported. Their report will be sent to the Presbyteries with instructions to act. It makes the minimum salary of ministers $800 and the maximum $1200.

After spending considerable time in endeavoring to decide whether to meet next morning at 8:30 or 9 o'clock, the former hour was determined upon. Rev. Buchanan closed with prayer.

[Concluded on 4th page.]

## Personal Penciliings.

Mrs. J. G. Love is at present sojourning in Lock Haven.

Mr. Blair Mattern, of Buffalo Run, was in Bellefonte last Thursday.

Rev. Dr. Cuningham, the moderator of Synod, is an excellent presiding officer.

Durbin Gray, Esq., has sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to be about again.

Mrs. Israel Wolf, of Madisonburg, is suffering from injuries received by falling against a stone a few days ago.

Mr. Harry Wirthimer, of Reading, Pa., is in town to-day and favored this office with a short call Friday morning.

Mrs. Barrows and daughter, of Lock Haven, who spent Tuesday night at the home of J. G. Love, Esq., departed again next morning.

Mr. E. C. Poorman, clerk at the Mountain house, Snow Shoe, displayed his handsome self on the streets of Bellefonte on Friday.

Mr. Clevan Dinges, one of Centre Hall enterprising merchants, was in town Friday. He gave us a sunny call on his tour of the town.

Ed. Rankin, the Western Union manager, has been kept busy for several nights past until 12 or 1 o'clock, sending Synodical messages.

Mr. Peter Ritner, one of the commissioners now attending Synod, is a son of ex-Gov. Ritner, one of the early governors of this State.

Mr. I. D. Garman is now a regular, full-fledged clerk in the store of D. Garman & Son. It is unnecessary to say that he is a desirable acquisition.

William F. Reynolds arrived home on the 9 32 train Friday morning from Lancaster, where he had accompanied his niece on her return home.

Among the passengers on the 10:35 train going west, Wednesday morning, was that prince of the Synodical pulpit orators, Rev. Dr. Colfelt, of Philadelphia.

Mr. Bond Valentine went to the country to settle an insurance loss the other day. It is said that he told Warren Burnside all about it before taking his departure.

Mr. T. P. Cochran, of Millerstown, Perry county, Pa., one of the delegates attending the Synod of Pennsylvania, departed on the 9:32 a. m. train east, on Wednesday.

Miss Nannie Britt, of Wheeling, West Virginia, and Miss Puella Dornblazer of Clintondale, Clinton county, are visiting as the home of Mr. S. A. Schaeffer on Howard street.

Mr. George C. Zettle, of near Pleasant Gap, gave the DAILY NEWS office a call on Thursday. Mr. Zettle is one of those pleasant gentlemen that everybody (especially editors) delight to meet.

The Rev. J. P. Hudson and daughter, of Williamsport, who have been tarrying in Bellefonte during the Synod, departed Wednesday morning. Rev. Mr. Hudson is a very venerable and excellent clergyman and at one time was Principal of the High School in Williamsport.

Mrs. Jno. P. Harris and Mrs. Evan Blanchard went to Huntingdon Wednesday morning to represent the Bellefonte W. C. T. U. in the State Convention of that organization which assembles there this week. They will have some glad news to tell the convention of the action of the Synod of Pennsylvania on the subject of Constitutional Prohibition.

—Mr. John Francis, of Philipsburg, has been made the victim of a conspiracy. Some months ago he received word that an uncle had died in Valparaiso, Chili, leaving him nearly $2,000,000. He went to England to have necessary papers made out, proving his identity. After that he returned to this country and started to Valparaiso to get his fortune. He is now in California and writes home that he is without money and friends in that State, having learned that he has been made the victim of a conspiracy to cheat and murder him. His wife has gone to him. People should be careful not to be deceived by these delusive baits held out by city sharps concerning immense fortunes.

—Because of our inability to obtain the subject of Rev. D. W. Townsend's sermon preached in the Lutheran church on Sunday night we failed to make any mention of it Monday. The subject he preached from was "If ye being evil know how to give good gifts unto your children, how much more will your heavenly father know how to give the Holy Spirit unto those that ask it." The discourse was one of able and well chosen remarks, couched in language plain, and spoken with a power that conveyed to his hearers the wonderful depth of feeling with which he spoke Everybody pronounced it one of the ablest sermons preached on Sunday.

—We suppose that the November elections will be the next important event and then to tranquilize the feelings of both victors and vanquished the message of peace to be brought by Evangelist Dwight L. Moody will be peculiarly welcome and correspondingly successful.

## MARRIED.

BECHDEL—TRAISTER—At the Methodist parsonage, Howard, Pa., Oct. 18, 1885, by Rev. Owen Hicks, David S. Bechdel and Ida M. Traister, of Hunters Run, this county.

BARR—FULLER.—On September 23, 1885, at Decatur Mines, Clearfield Co., Pa., by Rev. J. C. Leabheart, Mr. Thomas Barr, of Morrisdale Mines, and Miss Emma Laura Fuller of Philadelphia.